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PATISSIER  
1932



## Equity Research Division

# Lotus Bakeries

Legacy cookie company

**Target Price: € 5.892**

Current Price: € 8.650

*Downside Potential: -31.9%*

**Recommendation: SELL**

**Investment Horizon:** 2 years

Vienna, 18 June 2025

## Equity Research



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McKinsey & Company



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4<sup>th</sup> Sem.



MSc (WU) –  
2<sup>nd</sup> Sem.



BSc. (WU) –  
4<sup>th</sup> Sem.

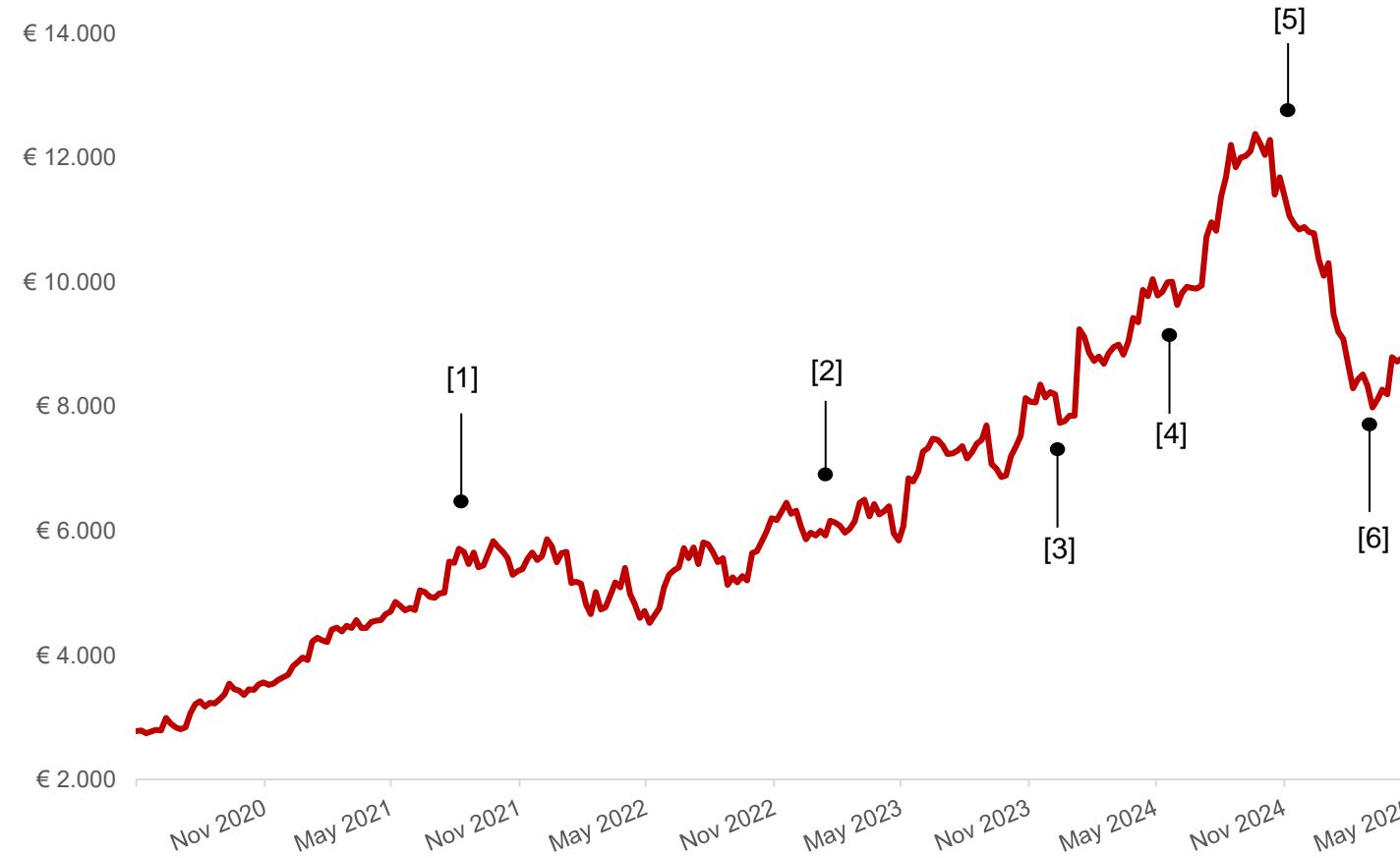


BSc. (WU) –  
4<sup>th</sup> Sem.

# Share Price Performance

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Lotus Bakeries' stock has surged over 200% in five years, fueled by global expansion and strategic partnerships



## Key information:

IPO: Jan 2002

Ticker: LOTB (ENXTBR)

52 Week Range: 7.760,00 – 12.540,00 EUR

## Major events:

[1] Sep 2021 **(-2.1%)** – Boone family completed a private placement of 65,303 shares

[2] Feb 2023 **(+7.0%)** – FY 2022 results exceed forecasts

[3] Jan 2024 **(-6.0%)** – Share decline driven by valuation concerns among investors

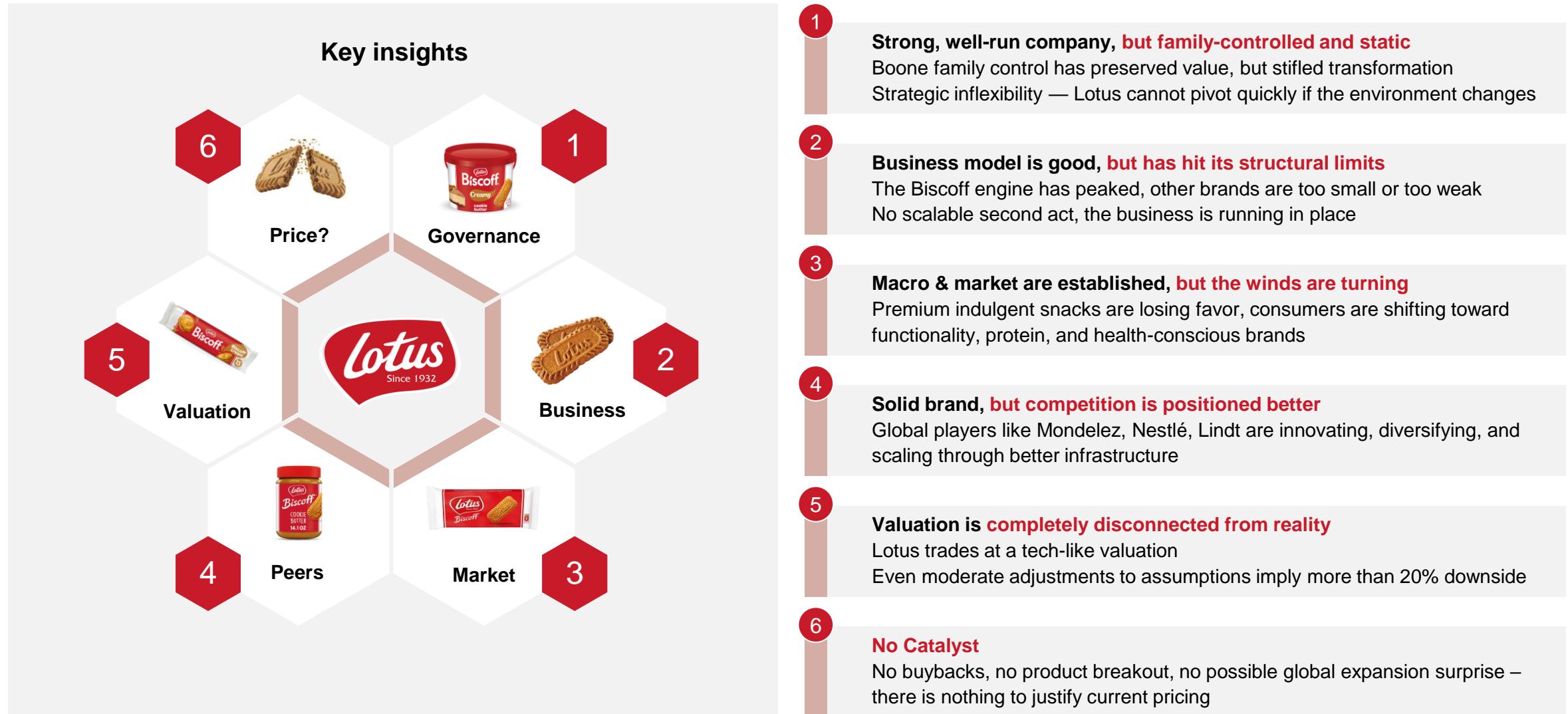
[4] Jun 2024 **(+9.2%)** – Strategic partnership with Mondelez to expand Biscoff in India

[5] Nov 2024 **(-5.7%)** – Production limits raise concerns over future growth

[6] Mar 2025 **(+6.1%)** – Froneri partnership announced to expand into Biscoff ice cream

➤ Expansions in Asia, viral demand, and the Mondelez partnership fueled the rally — but future catalysts are limited

Lotus Bakeries is a great premium snacking brand that is disproportionately priced-in on the market





# Lotus Bakeries

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# Company overview

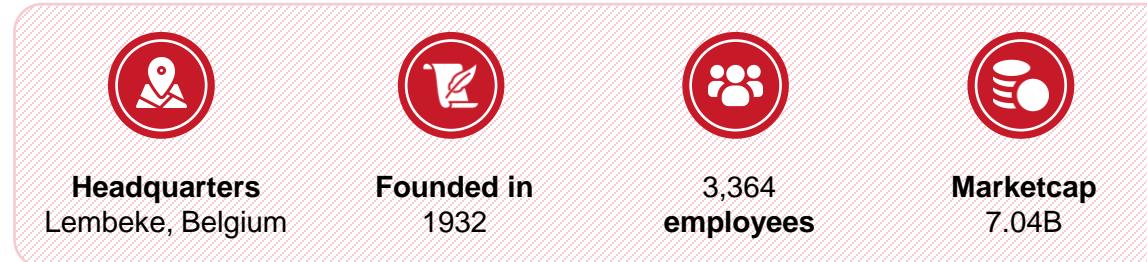
W U T I S

A global leader in premium snacking, rooted in Belgian heritage and powered by iconic brands like Biscoff

## Company Description



**Lotus Bakeries** is a premium European snacking company that has grown into a globally recognized brand, best known for its iconic **Biscoff caramelized biscuit**

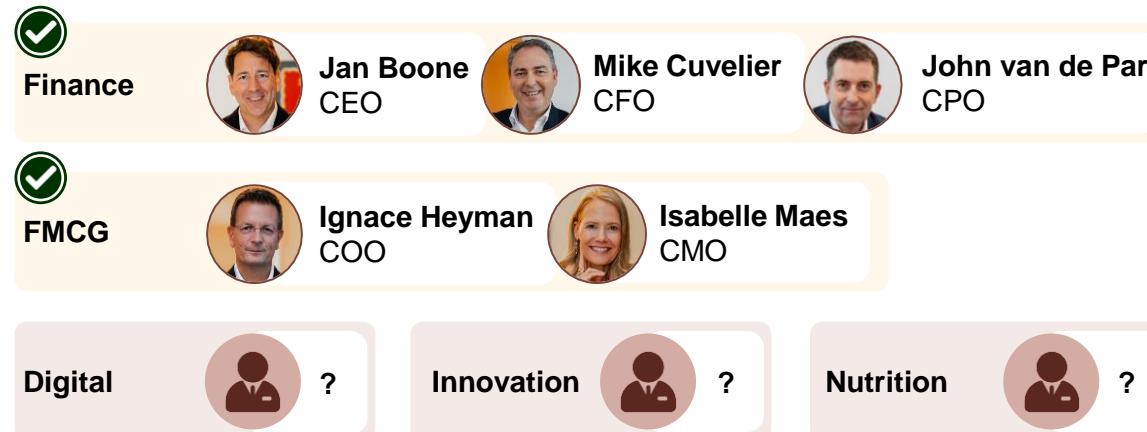


## Ownership & Control



- Institutional investors, 35% ownership**  
Passive ownership without hands-on engagement
- Free float, 14% ownership**  
No coordinated influence
- STAK (Boone family) 50% ownership**  
Active ownership through a structured voting trust with a substantial voting power (**63.43% voting rights**)
- Rest of investors** hold approx. **36% of the voting rights**

## Leadership expertise heatmap



## Governance scorecard (ISS/OECD)

	lotus	Peers (median)
Board Independence	60%	75%
Board tenure (avg years)	10+	5-6
Diversity (gender/skill)	Medium	Medium
Dual-class voting	No	No
Family voting control	Yes	No

Low refreshment  
 Modest independence  
 High concentration

All warning signs for long-term adaptability

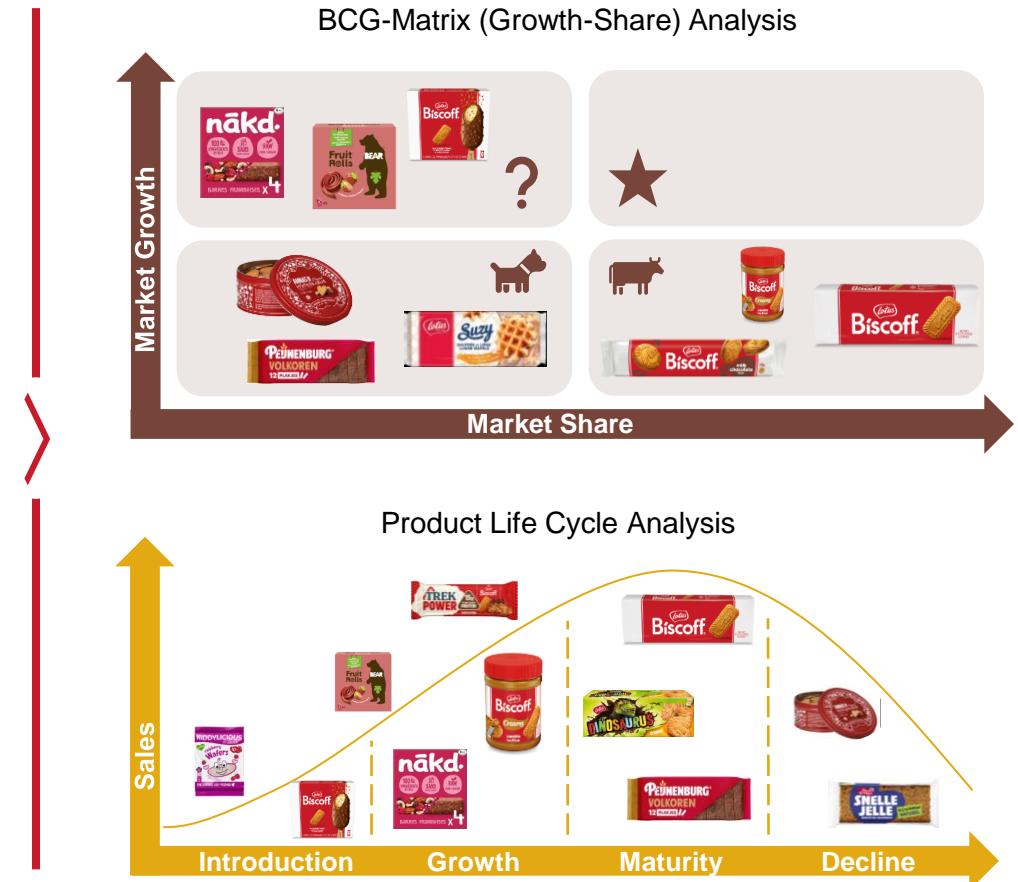
# Business model I – Product portfolio

W U T I S

Products are great, but the portfolio lacks strategic balance

## Product portfolio analysis

	lotus	Biscoff	Natural Foods	Local Heroes
Products				
% of Revenue	<b>56%</b>	<b>24%</b>	<b>20%</b>	<b>3%</b>
Historic CAGR	<b>17%</b>	<b>17%</b>	<b>16%</b>	<b>5%</b>
2024 Growth	<b>21%</b>			
Strategic Role	Core brand/ margin driver	Strategic Growth Bet/ Brand Acquisition Platform	Stable Cash Flow/ Legacy Markets	Slow growth/ Domestic Dependency
Problem	<b>Single-Brand Dependency</b>	Weak brand equity/ Scaling Costs		



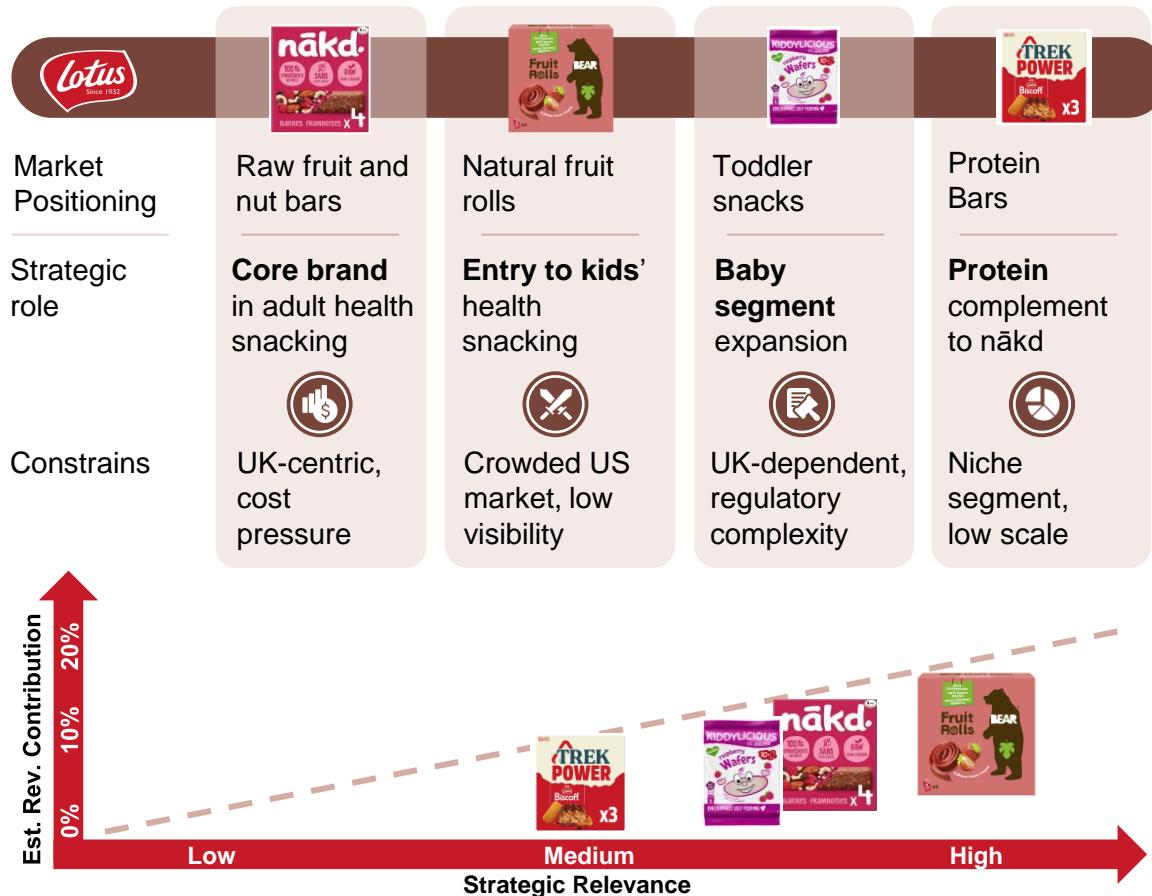
➤ The portfolio shows a strategic imbalance, with an insufficient pipeline for the next flagship innovation

# Business model II – Natural foods scalability assessment

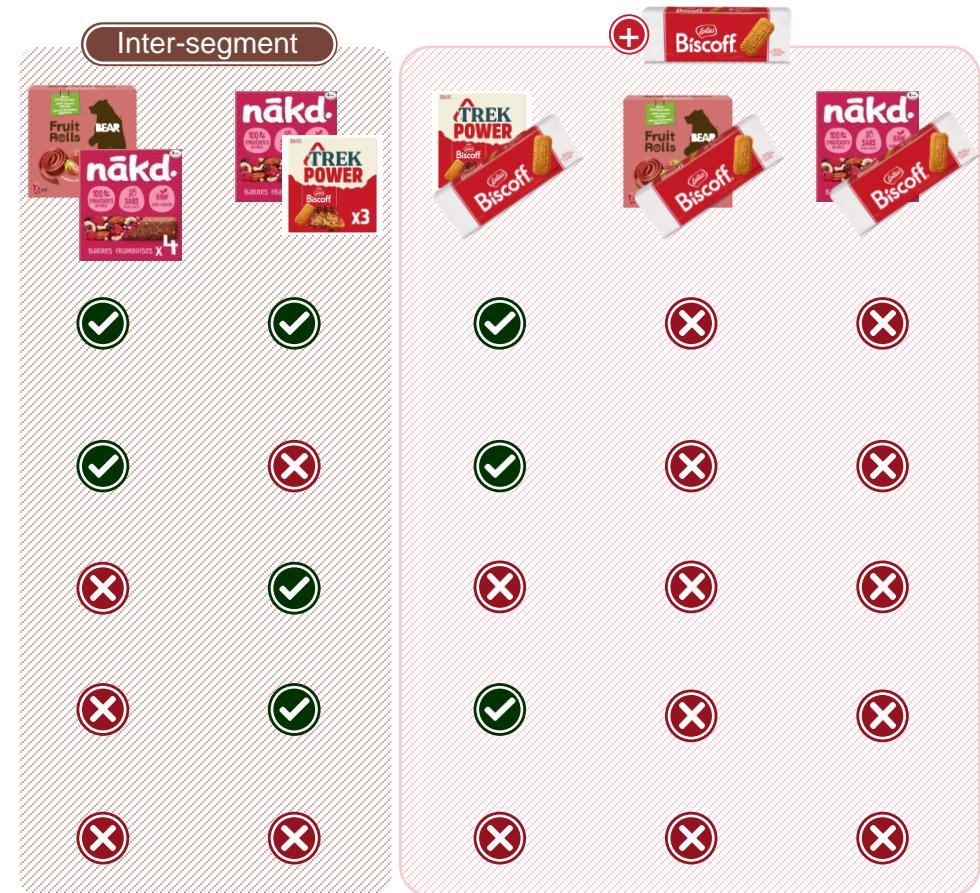
W U T I S

The brands remain small, scattered, and operationally disconnected

## Healthy snacks integration to keep up with the trends



## Internal flywheel or synergies



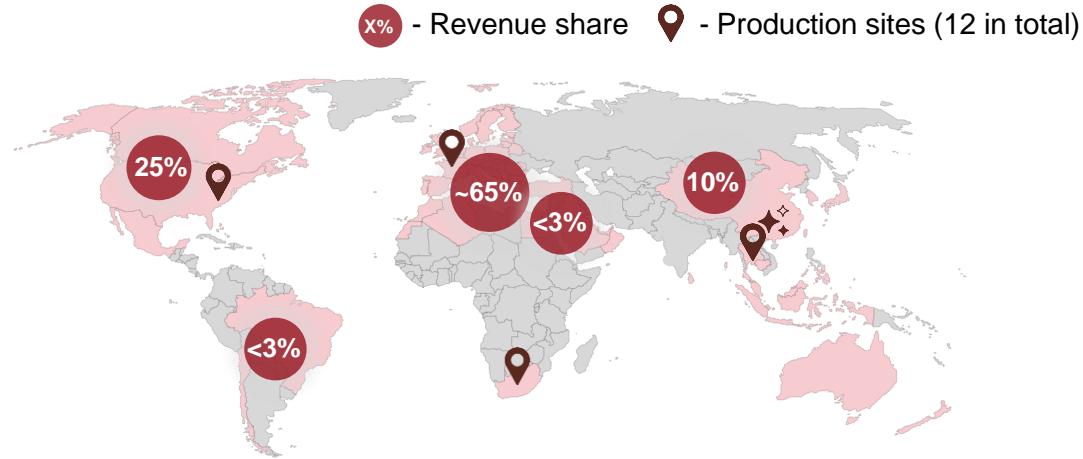
➤ Lotus is not benefiting much from its healthy snacks segment, and there are no loyalty-transfer from Biscoff

# Business model III – Geographies & Sales

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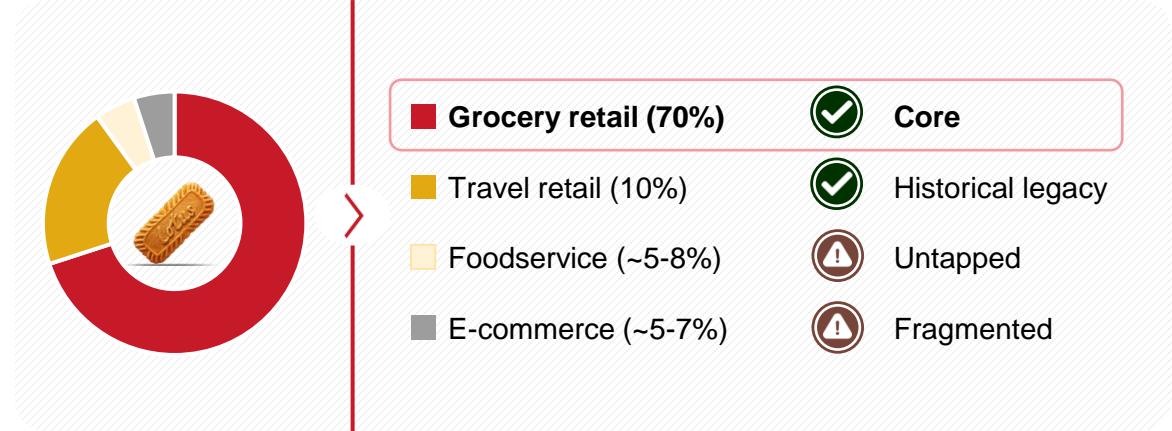
Geographic footprint is concentrated — and the distribution model is passive and retail-dependent

## Geographies

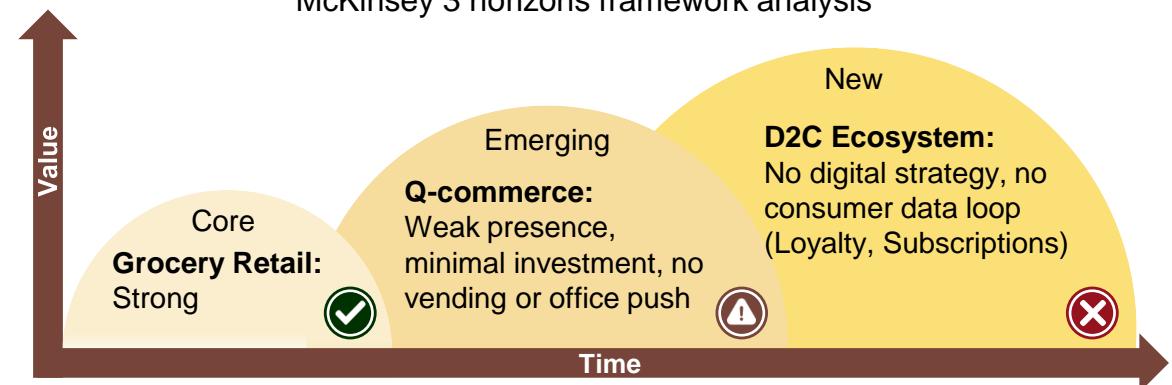


	<b>Europe</b>	Saturated volumes	HFSS rules, inflation, retailer power
	<b>North America</b>	Price-led growth	FX risk, Biscoff fatigue
	<b>Asia Pacific</b>	Low base, rising demand	Unknown brands, fragmented retail
	<b>LatAm / MENA</b>	High TAM potential	Strategic absence, weak infrastructure

## Sales & distribution



Retailers control pricing and placement, Lotus lacks direct consumer contact and test ground for innovation



# Business model IV – Pricing & Costs

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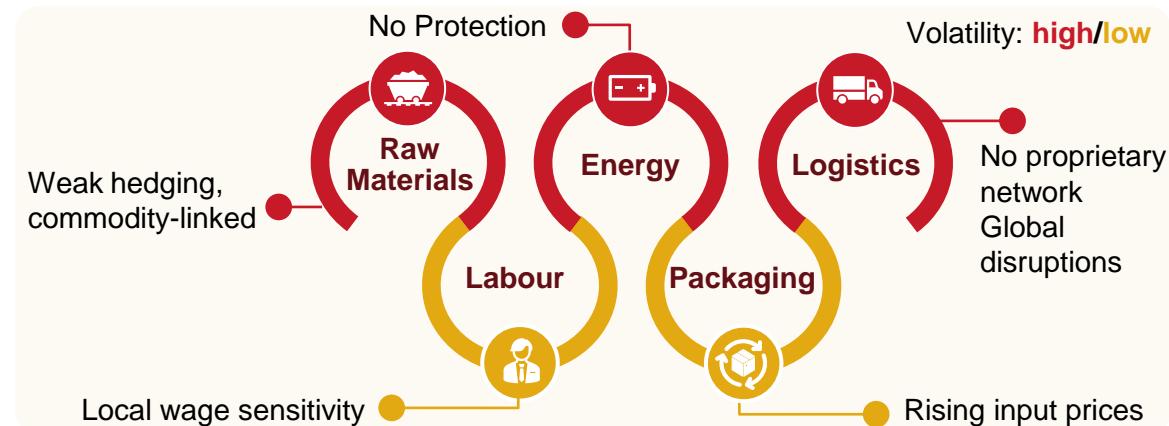
Pricing is not region-specific with high exposure to cost shocks and limited flexibility

## Biscoff Pricing (cross-country analysis)

Country	Retailer	Price (local)	Price (€)	Per 100g (€)
<b>Core</b>				
UK	TESCO	£1.80	€2.1	€0.85
France	Carrefour	€2.5	€2.5	€1
Austria	SPAR	€2.19	€2.19	€1
Germany	REWE	€2.79	€2.79	€1.11
Belgium	Ahold Delhaize	€2.89	€2.89	€1.15
<b>Growth</b>				
USA	Walmart	\$4.88	€4.22	€1.12
Australia	Woolworths	AUD \$5.00	€2.8	€1.12
Canada	REAL CANADIAN SUPERSTORE	CAD \$4.90	€3.12	€1.24

➤ Lotus does not really utilize pricing strategies to grow or penetrate new markets

## Inflation exposure



## Fragility diagnostic

Driver	Lotus resilience	Comments
Pricing power	⚠️ Moderate	Some elasticity limits
Input cost hedging	✗ Weak	No vertical integration contracts
SKU complexity	✓ Strong	Lean SKU model supports margins
Fixed cost base	⚠️ Moderate	Asset-heavy production – high operational leverage
Innovations	✗ Weak	Little margin from new products



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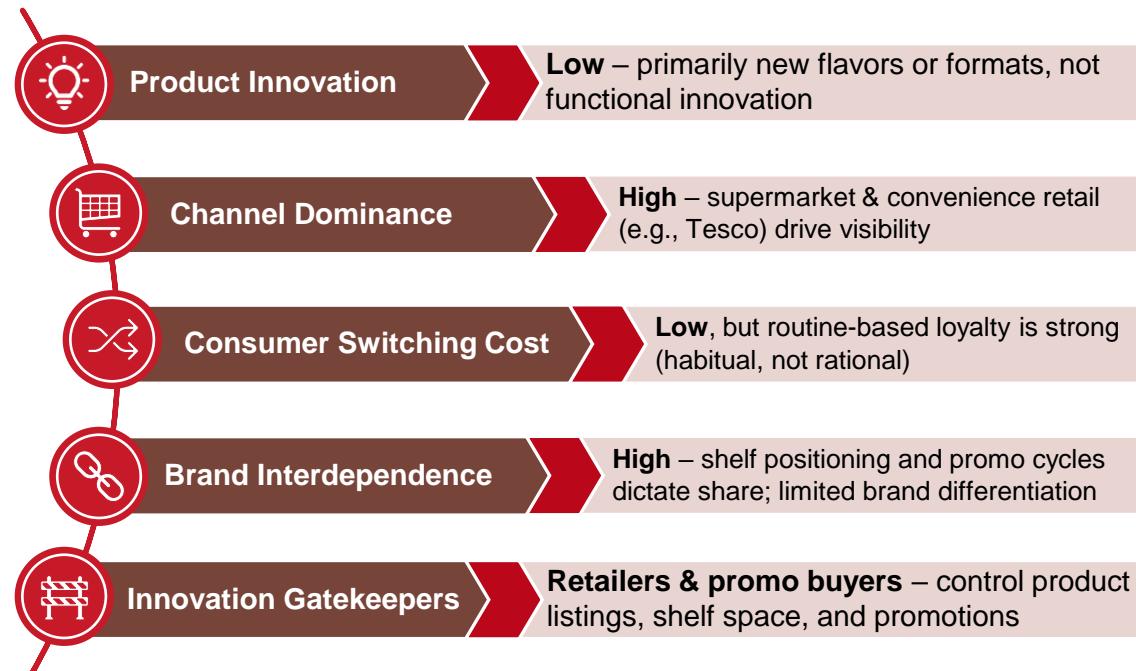
# Market overview I – Industry Architecture

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Structural barriers prevent meaningful innovation or agility in sweet baked goods

## Sweet Baked Goods (SBG)

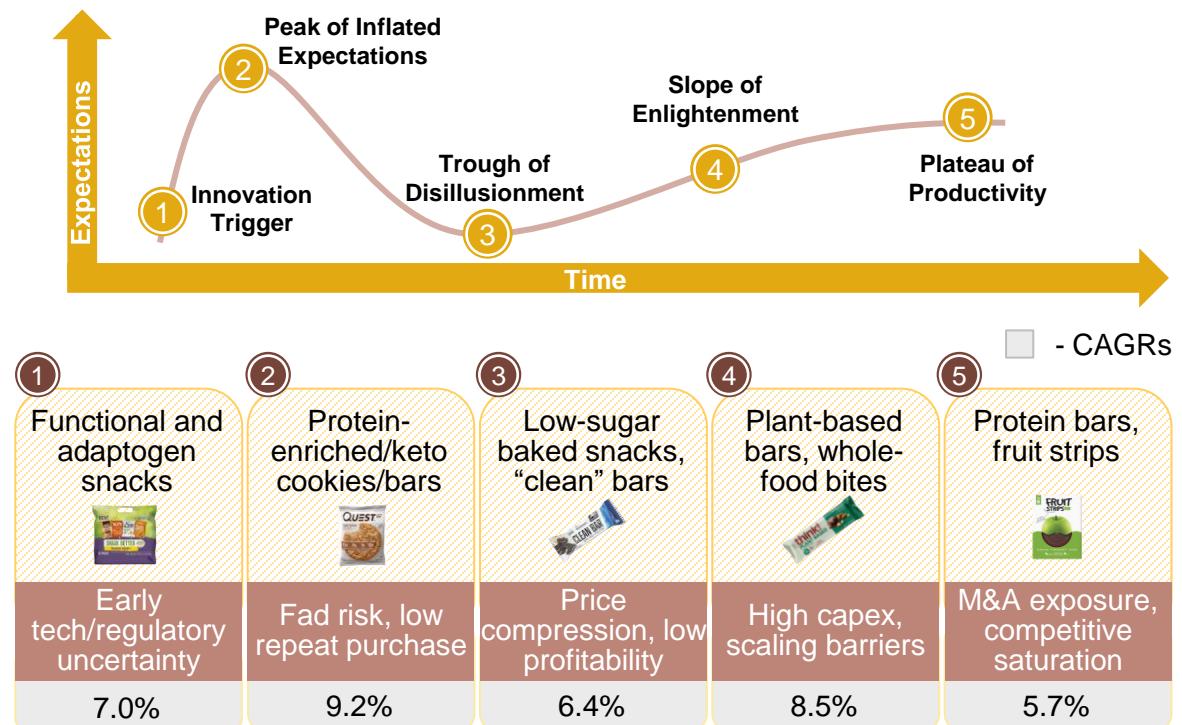
**SBG is a low-growth category** entrenched in routine consumption, habit lock-in, and legacy shelf power, not innovation



➤ This architecture **locks the category into low dynamism** and discourages **disruptive entrants** unless they rewire distribution

## Natural Snack Foods (NSF)

**NSF is high-growth, but unstable**, characterized by low barriers to entry, high brand turnover, and capital-intensive scaling



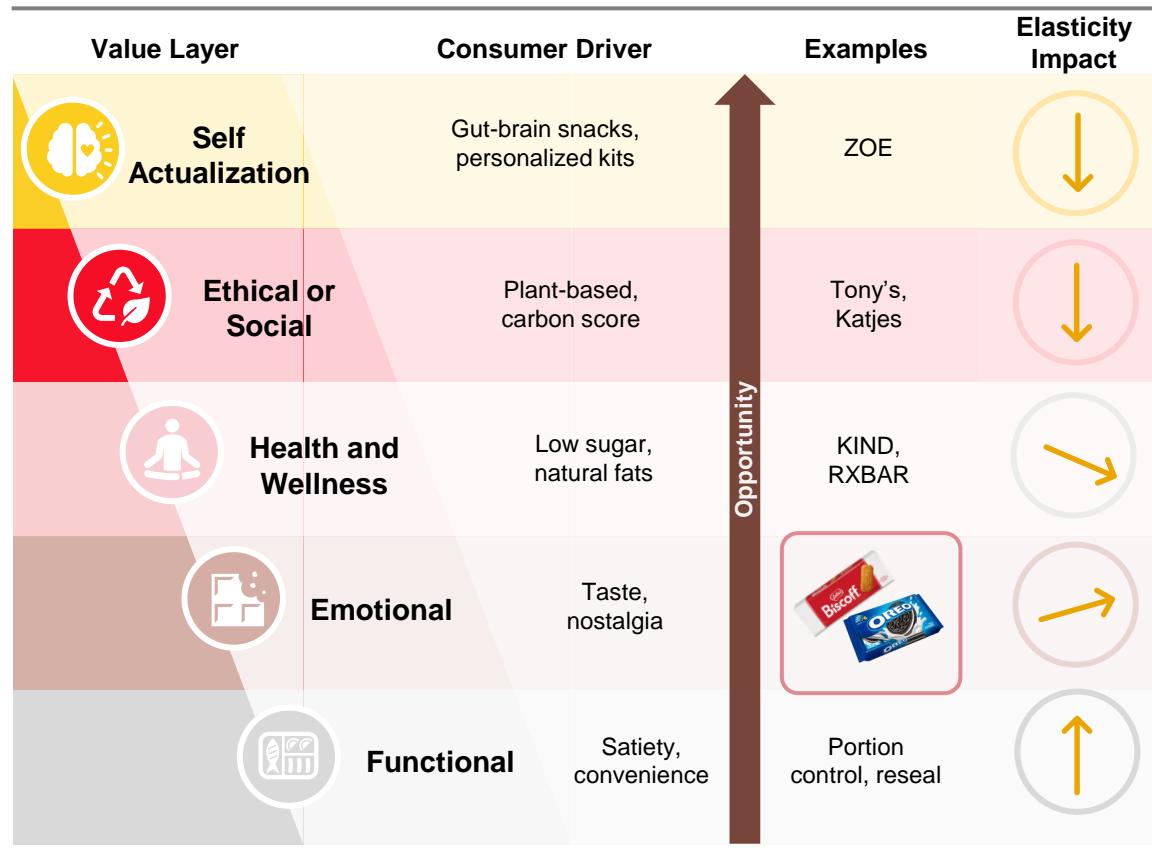
➤ Many NSF categories are **not commercially mature**, even when consumer appeal is high

# Market overview II – Demand mechanics

W U T I S

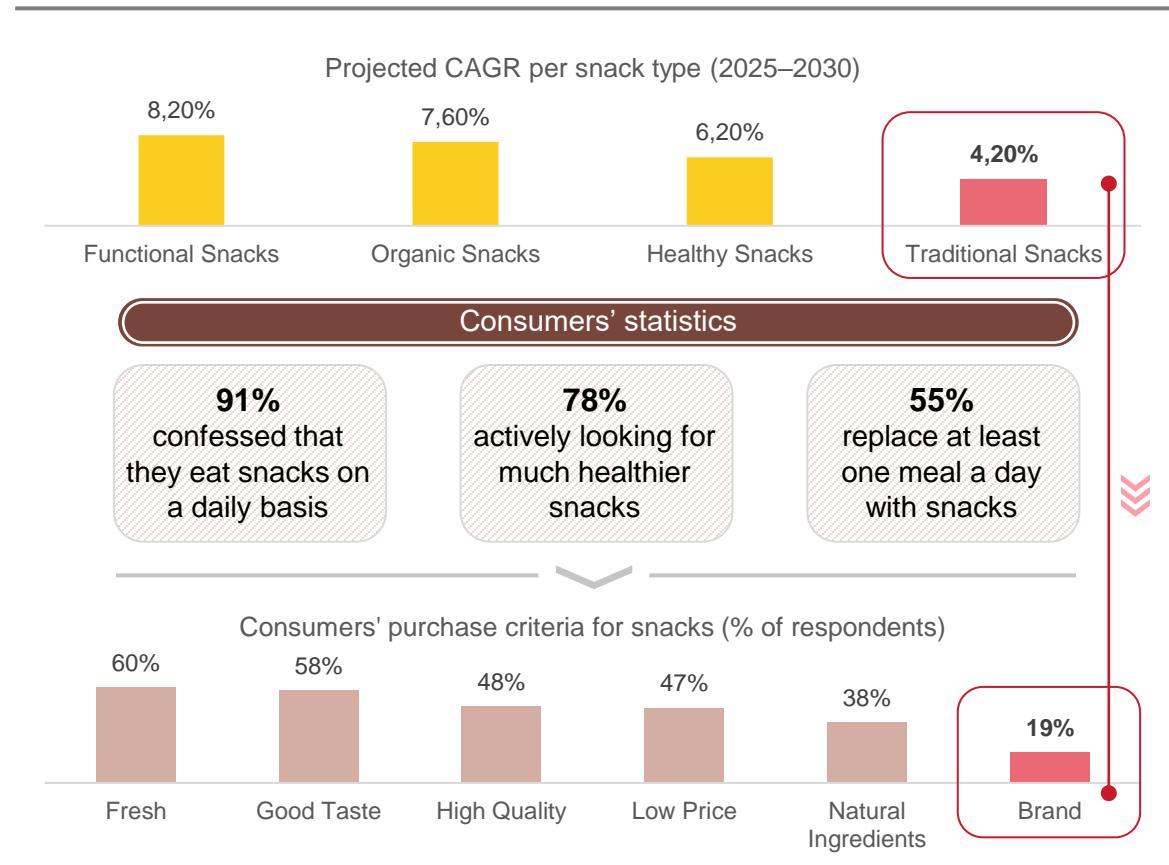
Demand is shifting from indulgence to health, function, and ethics

## Value Stack of Consumer Preferences



While Lotus benefits from strong **emotional and functional appeal**, the Snacking Value Stack shows a **shift toward health and ethics**, where **Lotus lacks presence**, creating long-term demand risk

## From Indulgence to Functionality & Wellness



Snacking is **no longer just about indulgence**; consumers are now buying with intent. **Functional, sustainable, and health-oriented choices** are displacing routine treats

# Market overview III – External factors

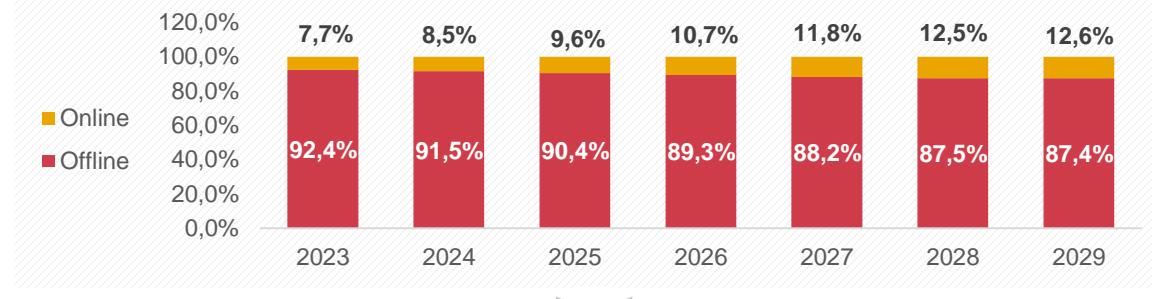
W U T I S

## External Pressures Are Rising — Regulation and Input Volatility Limit Flexibility

### Global Snack Regulation

Market	HFSS Restrictions	Labelling System	Sugar Tax	Child AD Ban	Overall Risk
		Nutri-Score			HIGH
	In progress	Nutri-Score			HIGH
		Nutri-Score			HIGH
	Weak	Traffic lights		In progress	MEDIUM
		Black label only			LOW
<p>Key European markets are <b>tightening regulations</b> on sugar, labeling, and child advertising, raising commercial risk for indulgent snacks. <b>Lotus faces rising headwinds</b> where it was once strongest</p>					

### Online vs Offline Revenue Share



Global CAGR for eCommerce in Snacks & Confectionery (2017–2029): **+21,6%**  
Implication: Omnichannel agility is key favoring digital-native brands

### External Pressures Beyond Regulation

- Commodity Inflation**  
 Wheat, dairy, and sugar prices remain volatile, affecting input cost stability
- Logistics Normalization**  
 While container rates have eased since 2021 peaks, energy costs and driver shortages in Europe remain bottlenecks
- FX Volatility**  
 GBP and EUR fluctuation vs USD adds earnings uncertainty for global players with exposed sourcing or sales



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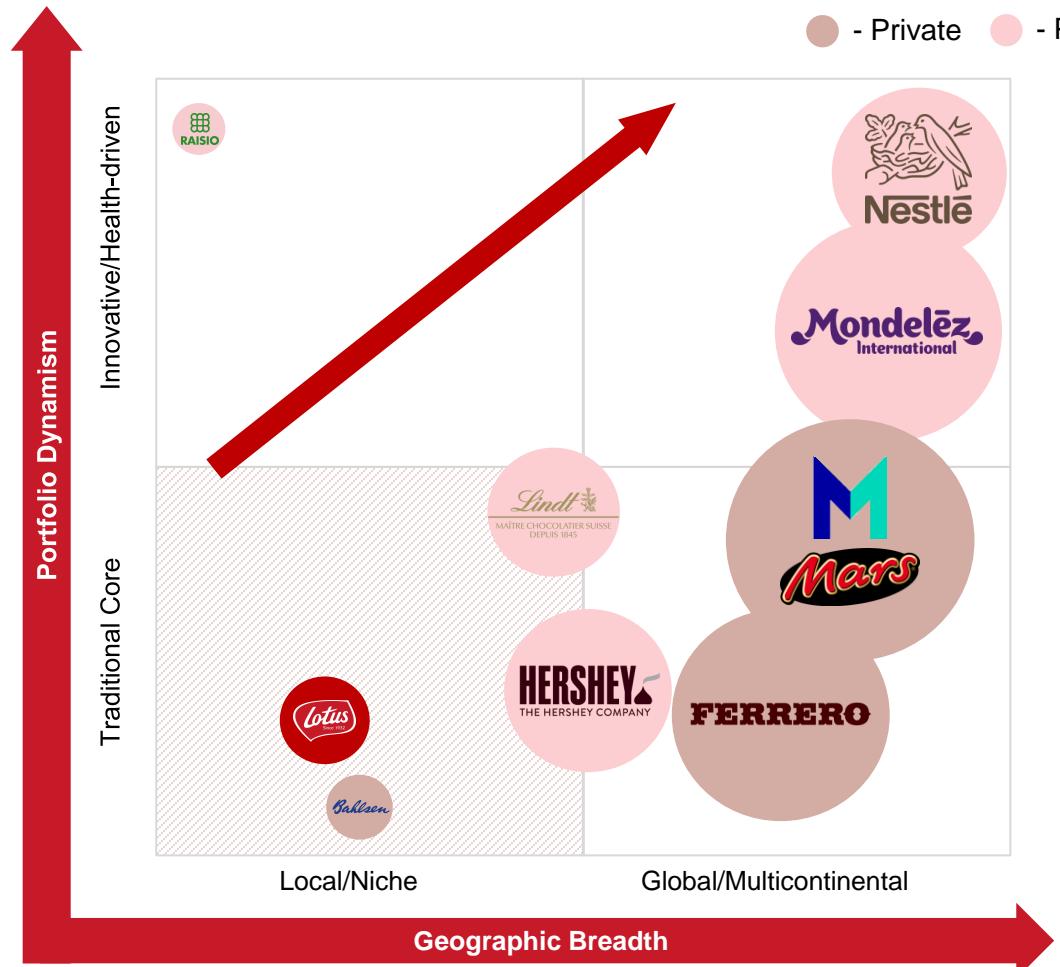
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# Peers I – Market Positioning

W U T I S

## Stuck in the Niche? Strategic Gaps in Lotus' Global Positioning

### Global positioning



### Regional consumption patterns vs. brand footprints

Region	Preferences	Leading Brands	Lotus Presence
United Kingdom	Digestives, shortbread, oat-based	WALKER'S, McVITIE'S, FOX'S	Strong
Germany	Buttery biscuits, spiced cookies (Lebkuchen)	LEIBNIZ, Bahlsen, Manner	Limited
United States	Chocolate, cream-filled, sandwich cookies	Oreo, Pepperidge Farm, Chips Ahoy!	Growing
France	Butter-rich "petit beurre" types	LU, Bonne Maman, Michel & Augustin	Limited
United Arab Emirates / Jordan	Honey, date-based, anise flavored	Tiffany, Gandour	Low
Japan / South Korea	Subtle flavor, texture-rich, less sweet	ORION	Low

→ In many regions, its Biscoff profile either **doesn't fit taste preferences** (Asia, Middle East), or it **faces strong incumbents** (France, Germany)

# Peers II – Product Competition

W U T I S

Competitive pressure undermines Lotus' ability to stand out

## Competitive landscape

Product	Flavor	Sugar per 100g (g)	Appeal	Price per 100g (€)
 Lotus Biscoff	Spiced caramel	38.1g	 Nostalgic	€1.00
 Oreo Original	Cocoa + cream	35g	 Iconic	€0.98
 Milka Choco Cookies	Chocolate chips	34g	 Classic	€2.07
 Leibniz Butterkeks	Buttery vanilla	21g	 Traditional	€1.25
 Walker's Shortbread	Buttery salty	16.2g	 Premium	€2.05

➤ Biscoff is not differentiated on health or visual appeal and lacks a significant price advantage

## Case Study – Taste Test



 Lotus Biscoff	 clever KARAMELL GEBÄCK	vs
Recipe	~ same	~ same
Calories (per 100g)	484kcal	483kcal
Sugar (per 100g)	38.1g	34g
Salt (per 100g)	0.37g	0.83g
Price per 100g (BILLA)	€1.00	€0.49
Vegan		
Packaging	Premium	Minimalistic
Shelf Positioning	Eye-level	Lower shelf
Patent	None	None

- 6 out of 9 people could not differentiate the products blindfolded
- “Identical taste, with only slight differences in texture”



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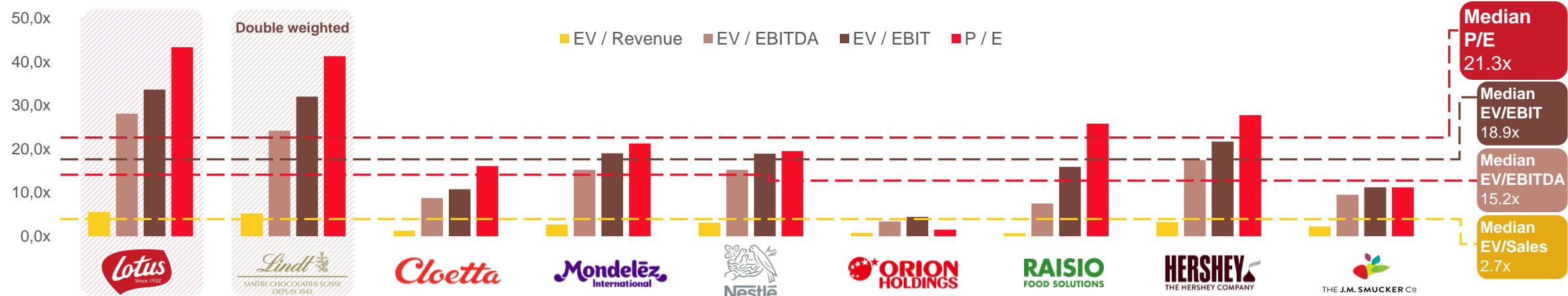
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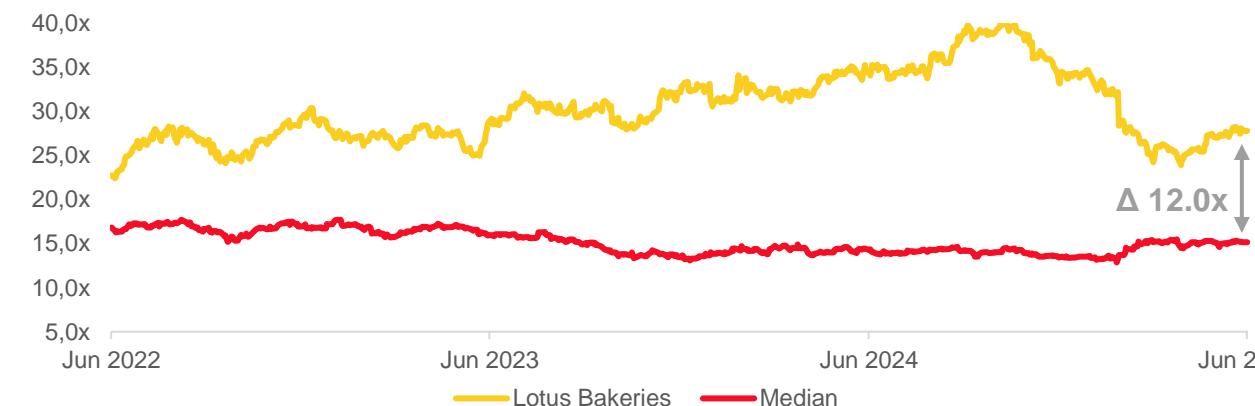
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Lotus is substantially overvalued relative to its closest peers

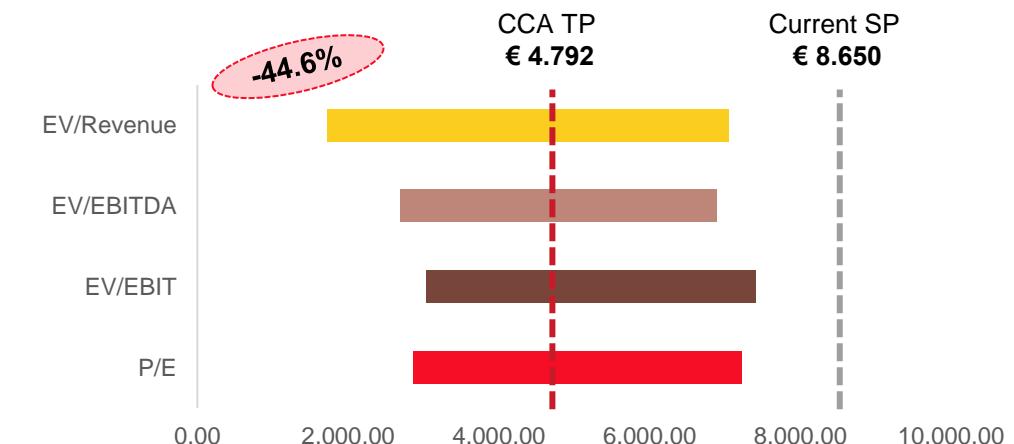
## Multiples Chart – NTM



## Peer Delta – NTM EV/EBITDA

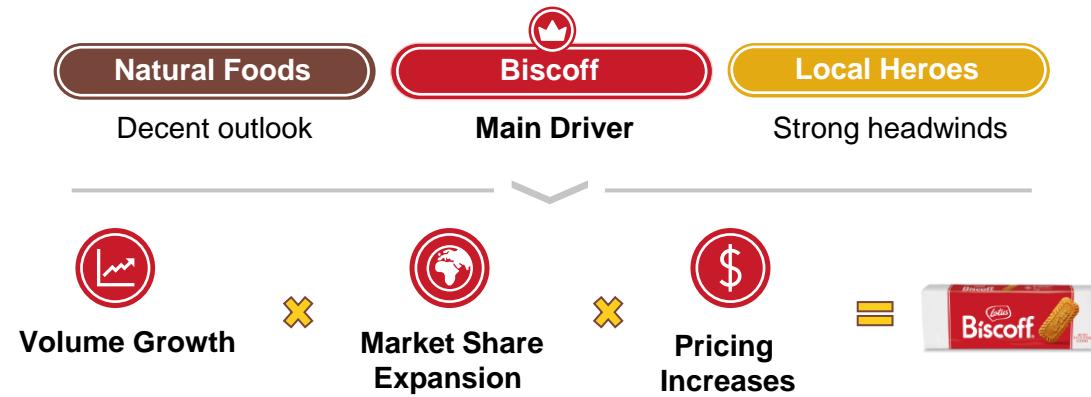


## Football Field Chart - NTM



Lotus outperforms the overall cookie market but will not meet investors expectations

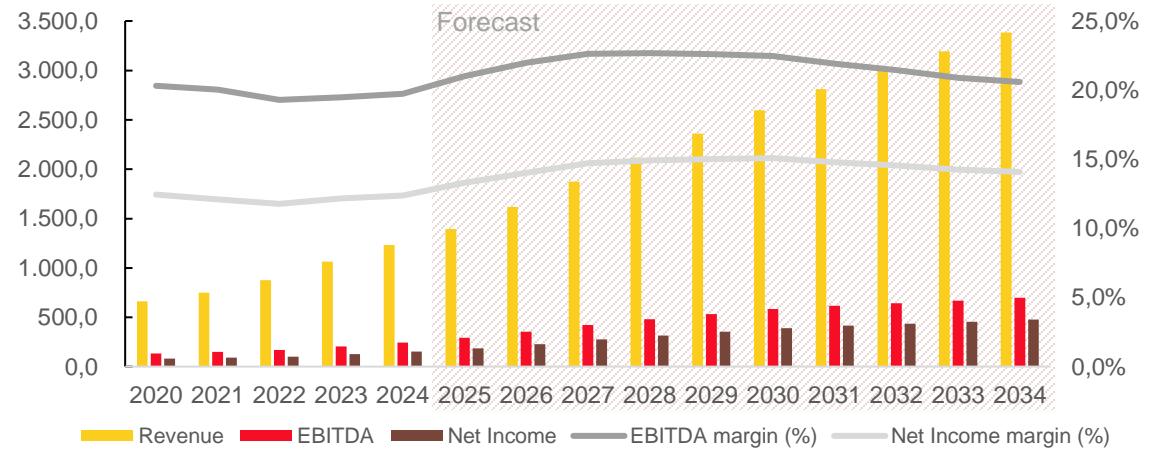
## P&L Development (in EURm)



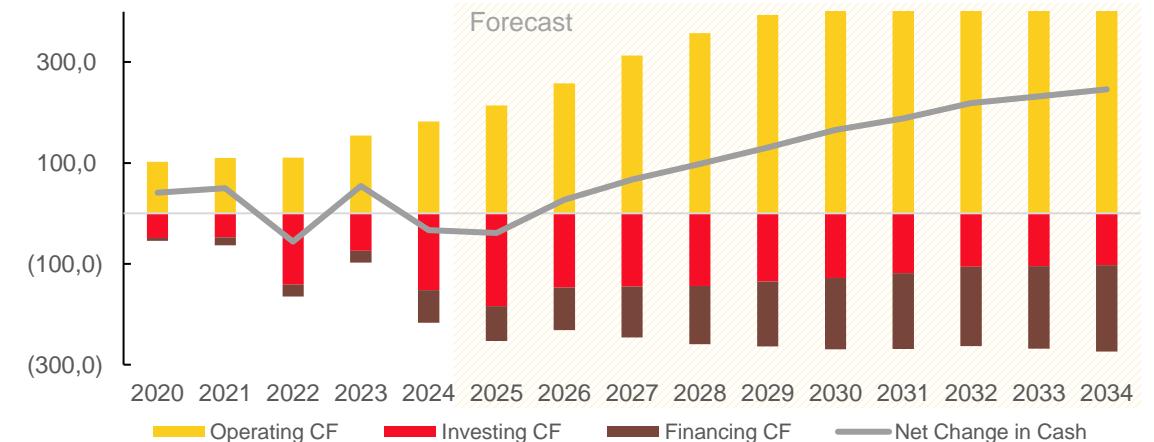
## Revenue Breakdown

- Biscuit Market in Europe**  
Shift towards healthy snack options slows market growth but Lotus is assumed to still outperform the market with higher growth rates
- Margin pressures**  
Regulatory, distribution bottlenecks and commodity inflation put pressure on margins and lead to price adjustments, but prices are already at the ceiling
- Diverse regional customer preferences**  
In order to meet regional specialties, companies must adjust to a diverse spectrum of customer preferences which limits growth opportunities

## Free Cash Flow Composition (in EURm)



## Segment Revenue Forecast



# Valuation III – Summary

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Healthy downside potential, even under optimistic assumptions

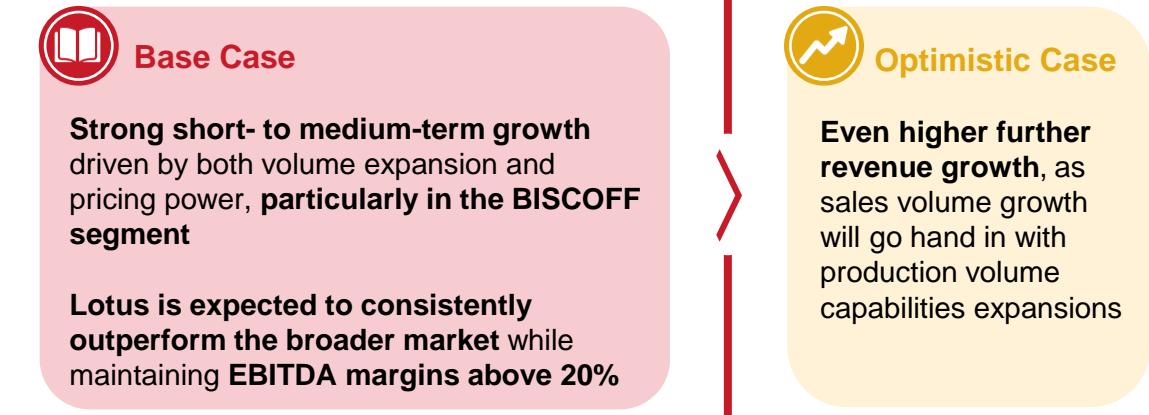
## Key DCF Assumptions

<b>WACC</b>	 6.23%	Our <b>WACC</b> is primarily driven by the <b>cost of equity</b> , as Lotus maintains a <b>net equity ratio of over 97%</b> , resulting in limited benefit from cheaper debt financing
<b>Growth rate</b>	 2.0%	We apply a terminal growth rate at the upper end of a typical range, further amplifying the overall valuation outcome in the base case
<b>Beta</b>	 0.62	The equity beta was derived from the median unlevered beta of our selected peer group and subsequently <b>adjusted using the Blume method</b> to reflect reversion to the market mean

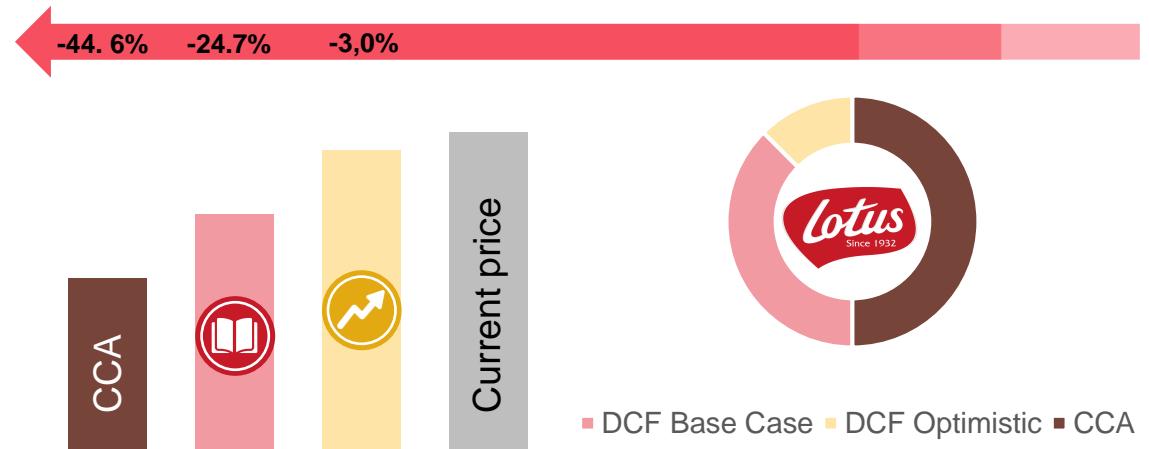
## DCF - Sensitivity Analysis

	TV g				
	1,50%	1,75%	2,00%	2,25%	2,50%
WACC	1,50%	1,75%	2,00%	2,25%	2,50%
5,23%	7.989,49	8.559,25	9.217,17	9.985,43	10.894,33
5,73%	6.777,66	7.199,55	7.677,97	8.225,10	8.856,89
<b>6,23%</b>	5.833,29	6.155,24	<b>6.515,24</b>	6.920,45	7.379,95
6,73%	5.079,11	5.330,76	5.609,00	5.918,28	6.264,11
7,23%	4.464,86	4.665,42	4.885,15	5.126,94	5.394,28

## Assumed cases



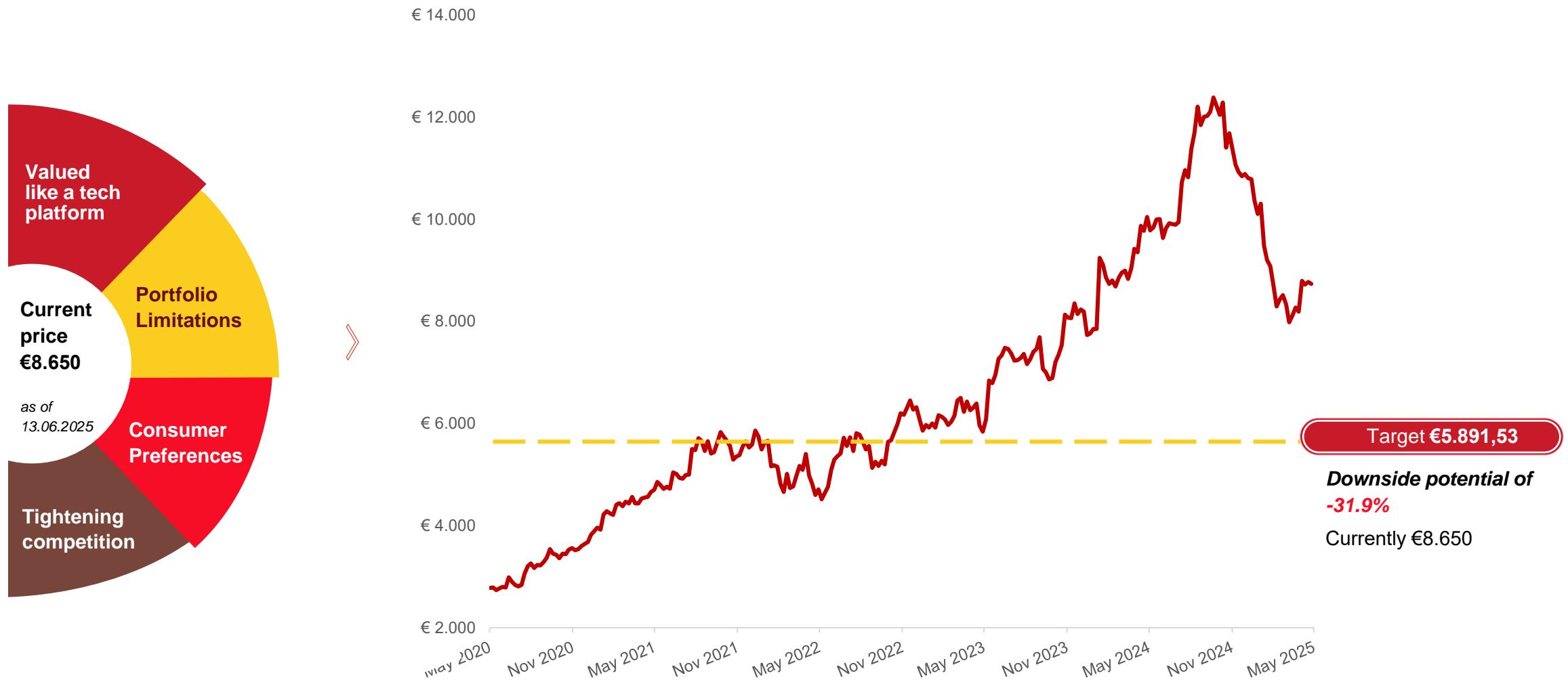
## Valuation Outcome



# Conclusion

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The current price is detached from the underlying business and market fundamentals





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A close-up photograph of a person's hands. In their left hand, they hold a clear glass cup filled with a light-colored coffee drink. In their right hand, they hold a single, rectangular Lotus biscuit. The biscuit has the word "Lotus" embossed on its surface. The background is blurred, showing what appears to be a shop interior with shelves of products.

# Lotus Bakeries

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## Appendix

# Appendix – Company History

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## Timeline of Key Business Developments

History begins in 1932, when Jan Boone Sr. creates a caramelised cookie with nothing but natural ingredients. He names it Lotus, after the flower that symbolises purity.



1932

1956

Partnering up with the Stevens family in 1974, Lotus merges with Corona and now also includes delicious cakes and pastry within its product range.



As from 2008, the unique taste of caramelised biscuits can also be found in a sweet spread.



Lotus Bakeries hits a new milestone with over €1 billion in annual revenue and €500 million from Lotus Biscoff®, reflecting strong performance across all strategic pillars.

In March 2024, the Group was admitted to the Euronext BEL-20 Index.



2024

Today

The very first Lotus biscuit was introduced in the food industry as the biscuit to be served with coffee. It's an instant hit because tastewise, coffee and the caramelised biscuit have complementary taste profiles. They boost each other's flavour.



Lotus bakeries was listed on the Brussels Stock Exchange in 1988, with the Boone & Stevens family as shareholders.



The first US made Biscoff Cookie can be found on American shelves following the opening of a new Lotus Biscoff manufacturing facility in the US.



Lotus Bakeries continues its global expansion, focusing on strong brands like Biscoff® and natural snacking. With production sites across continents and a presence in over 70 countries, it remains committed to sustainable, long-term growth.

# Appendix – 2024 Milestones

W U T I S

## 2024: Defining Moments in Lotus Bakeries' Expansion Story

**Lotus Bakeries enters BEL20 Index**



**Lotus Bakeries reports record volume growth in HY 1 2024**



**"I am proud to announce, once again, this outstanding set of results for 2024, and I want to thank all 3,364 colleagues of the Lotus family that have contributed to another successful year."** – Jan Boone, CEO Lotus Bakeries



**Inauguration of nākd® facility in South Africa**



**Strategic partnership with Mondelez International**



**The greenfield Biscoff plant in Thailand is taking shape**

# Appendix – Board Composition & Governance Scorecard Deep Dive

W U T I S

## Underweight Independence & Diversity: Board Misaligned with ISS/OECD Standards

Name	Role	Independent	Tenure	Governance Highlights & Implications
Benedikte Boone	Non-Executive Director	✗	~13 years	
Jan Boone	CEO/Managing Director	✗	~20 years	<b>Board independence below benchmark:</b> Only 40% of directors are independent vs. 75% ISS/OECD best practice
Emanuel Boone	Non-Executive Director	✗	~8 years	<b>Limited board refreshment:</b> 6 of 10 directors have served over 8 years; average tenure >10 years
Sofie Boone	Non-Executive Director	✗	~9 years	
Peter Bossaert	Independent Director	✓	~8 years	<b>High family control:</b> Boone family holds ~50% voting power via STAK; 4 family members on the board
Noelle Goris	Independent Director	✓	~2 years	
Benoit Graulich	Independent Director	✓	~16 years	<b>Diversity remains limited:</b> Gender improving, but skillset and international diversity are weak
Michel Moortgat	Independent Director	✓	~7 years	
Anton Stevens	Independent Director	✗	~23 years	<b>Governance structure favors continuity:</b> Functional control rests with long-tenured, related insiders
Jan van der Stichele	Chairman of the Board of directors	✗	~20 years	

# Appendix – Executive Committee expertise analysis

W U T I S

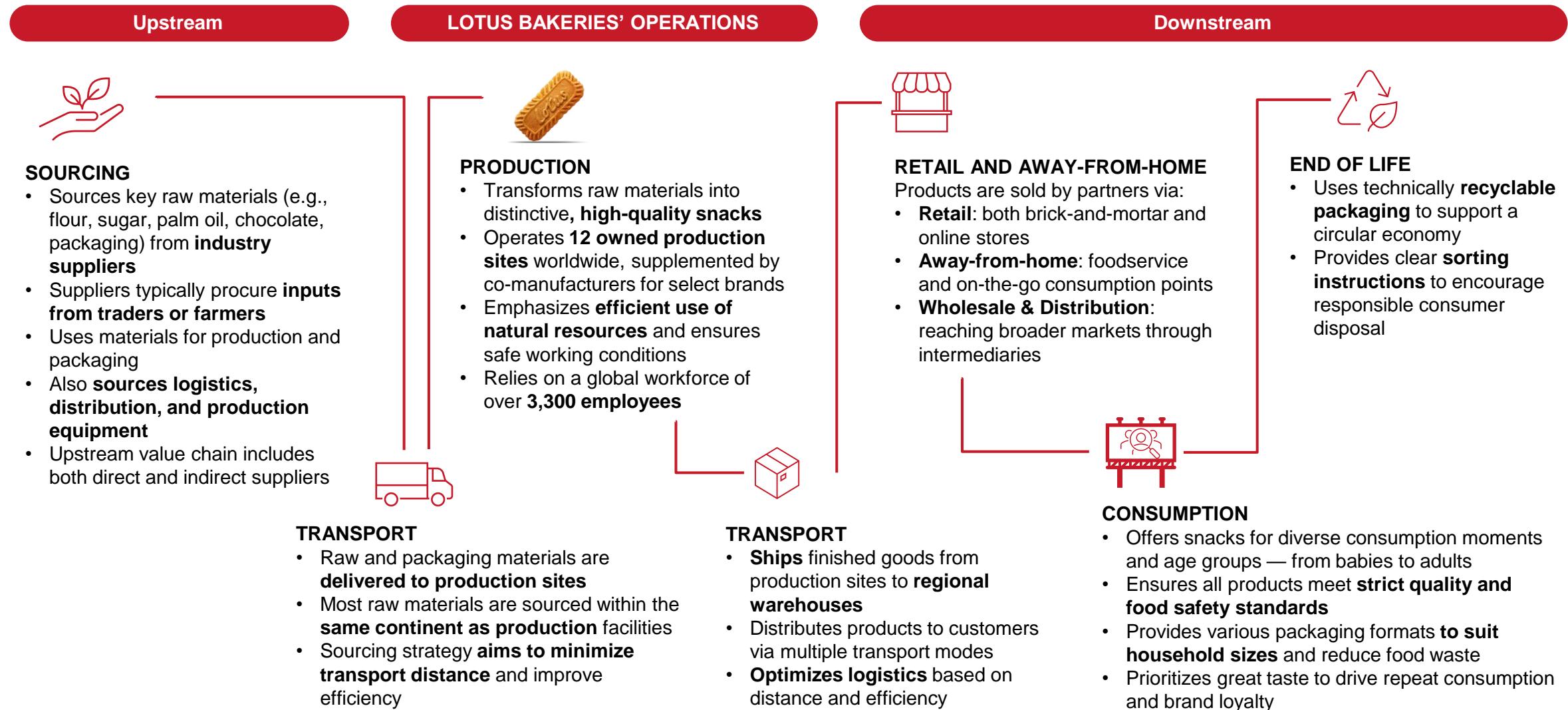
Current board skews toward control over innovation — lacks digital, health, and growth-market expertise

Name/Role	Primary Strengths	Relevant Background	Strategic Gaps	Commentary
<b>Jan Boone (CEO)</b>	Audit, M&A, corporate controls	PwC auditor; led controlling & M&A at Omega Pharma (2000–2005); joined Lotus as GM in 2005; CEO since 2011	No deep exposure to digital commerce platforms or health innovation	Strong operational and financial oversight, but limited disruptive innovation and digital scale experience
<b>Isabelle Maes (CMO &amp; CEO Natural Foods)</b>	Marketing, brand-building, healthy snack sector	PwC auditor; held finance roles at Barry Callebaut; joined Lotus in 2014 as CFO; CEO Natural Foods since 2017; CMO since 2023	Has brand-market depth; but nascent skills in e-commerce tech and emerging-market scaling	Ideal for health innovation mandate; could contribute to digital/d2c scaling with targeted e-commerce upskilling
<b>Mike Cuvelier (CFO)</b>	Financial management, investor relations	PwC auditor; held controlling roles at Bekaert across US, Asia, Belgium; CFO of Unilin Group; joined Lotus as CFO in 2017	Limited track record in digital finance innovation (e.g., data platforms, fintech integration)	Solid financial base; strategic digital finance experience would enhance future-readiness
<b>Ignace Heyman (COO)</b>	Operations, supply chain, international manufacturing	Marketing roles at P&G, Panzani-Amora-Blédina, and Reckitt; joined Lotus in 2008; GM France (2012–2015); COO since 2016	Limited visibility on digital-commerce logistics or emerging-market partnerships	Operational backbone is strong; needs support building agile, digitally-enabled supply chain
<b>John Van de Par (CPO)</b>	Product & procurement, innovation pipelines	Finance roles at Smurfit Westrock and FrieslandCampina; joined Lotus in 2008; GM Belgium in 2016; CPO since 2024	Likely limited exposure in digital product development modules (e.g., personalized nutrition apps) and emerging-market R&D	Strong in core product innovation; scaling into digital-enabled product streams could be upskilled

# Appendix – Value chain

W U T I S

## An Efficient, Sustainable, and Fully Integrated Value Chain

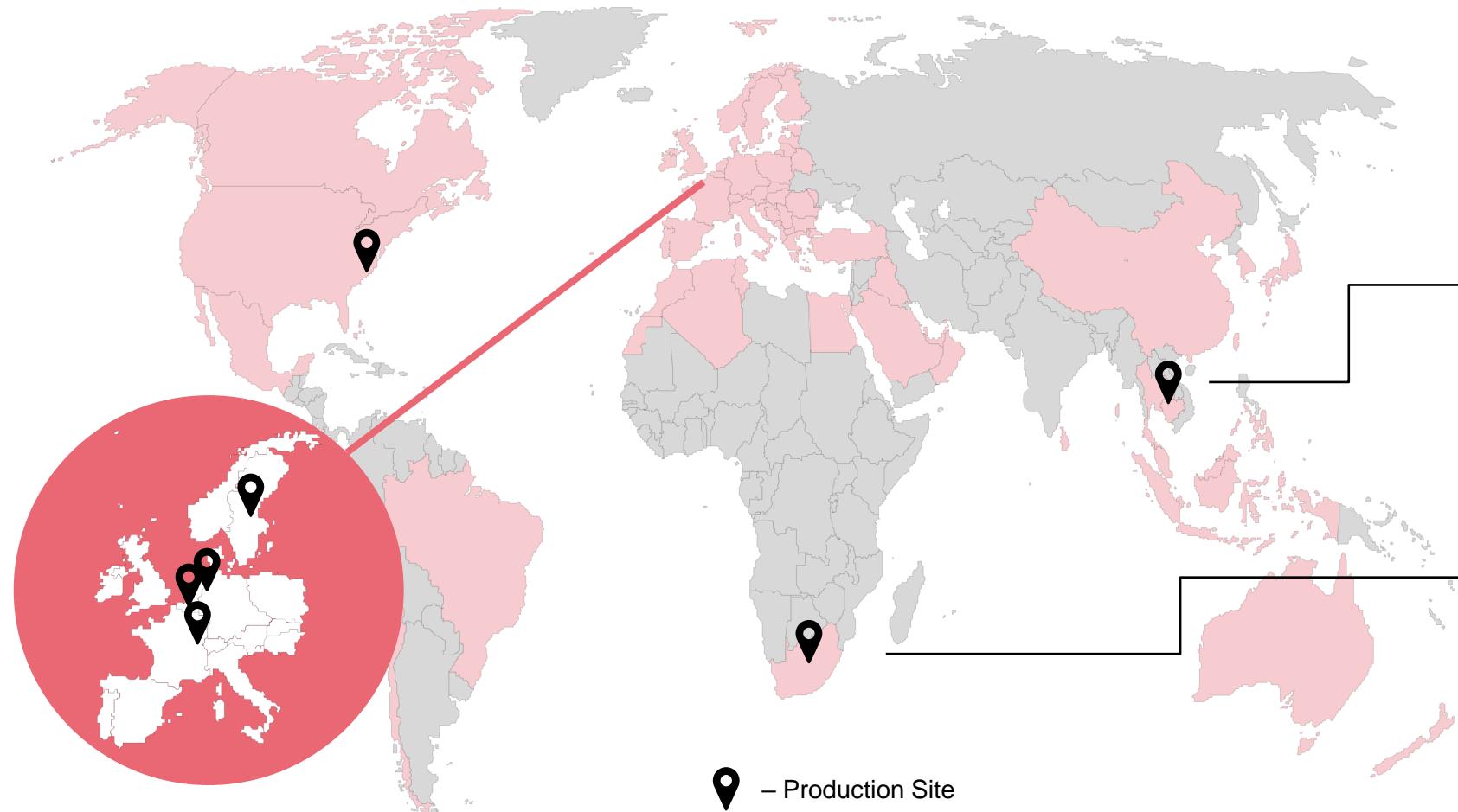


# Appendix – Geography

W U T I S

## 12 Production Sites Supporting a Presence in 70+ Countries

### Geography



### Comments

#### Activity

- Available in ~70 countries worldwide
- Lotus Bakeries operates 12 production sites globally: Belgium, France, the Netherlands, Sweden, the United States and South Africa

#### New Production Site in Thailand

- In 2026, Lotus Bakeries plans to establish Biscoff production in Thailand to meet growing demand in the Asia-Pacific region

#### South Africa Production

- In-house production of nākd® commenced in South Africa in early 2024

# Appendix – Strategy: Partnerships

W U T I S

## Recent Collaborations Supporting Brand Development

### Mondelēz International Partnership (Announced: June 13, 2024)

#### India Expansion with Mondelēz

**Objective:**

Expand the Lotus Biscoff® brand in India and drive co-branded chocolate innovation

**Key Collaboration Pillars:**

- Mondelēz to manufacture, market, and distribute Biscoff® cookies in India
- Co-develop chocolates combining Biscoff® with Cadbury, Milka & others
- Launch in Europe with potential for global scale-up



#### Côte d'Or × Biscoff Collaboration

**Product Launch:** Côte d'Or L'Original chocolate bars with crunchy Lotus Biscoff® pieces, available in milk and white chocolate

**Market Rollout:**

- Initial launch exclusively at Delhaize (Belgium)
- Planned expansion to other Belgian retailers in autumn 2025



### Froneri Collaboration (Announced: March 12, 2025)

#### Froneri Partnership to Expand Biscoff® into Ice Cream

**Objective:**

Accelerate the growth of Biscoff® in the ice cream segment

**Key Points:**

- Ice cream added to existing licensing agreement with Mondelēz
- Froneri to produce, market, and sell Biscoff® ice cream in Europe (from 2026)
- International expansion plans already in motion



#### Other:



# Appendix – Listed Peers I

W U T I S

## Positioning Lotus Among Global Snack Leaders

### Product Portfolio I

	Lotus	Mondelez Int. Inc.	Nestlé S.A.	Lindt & Sprüngli AG	The Hershey Company
Products & Brands					
Market Cap. (€M)	7,345	75,609	238,047	32,184	29,588
Revenue (2024 in €M)	1,232	33,693	96,322	5,827	10,357
Revenue CAGR 3Y	17.98%	8.26%	1.59%	6.36%	7.68%
EBITDA Margin (2024)	19.14%	21.25%	19.82%	19.49%	30.78%
Segments	Biscoff Natural Foods Local Heroes	Biscuits Baked Snacks Chocolate Gum & Candy Cheese & Grocery	Confectionary Milk Products Ice Cream Beverages Pet Care	Chocolate Pralines Bars & Sticks	Chocolate Salty Snacks Fruity, Chewy & Refreshing Baking

# Appendix – Listed Peers II

W U T I S

## Positioning Lotus Among Global Snack Leaders

### Product Portfolio II

	Lotus	Cloetta AB	ORION Holdings	J.M. Smucker	Raisio PLC
<b>Products &amp; Brands</b>					
<b>Market Cap. (€M)</b>	7,345	898	908	10,386	391.8
<b>Revenue (2024 in €M)</b>	1,232	753	2,167	7,555	227
<b>Revenue CAGR 3Y</b>	17.98%	12.52%	9.78%	0.73%	4.28%
<b>EBITDA Margin (2024)</b>	19.14%	12.76%	23.90%	23.00%	12.43%
<b>Segments</b>	Biscoff Natural Foods Local Heroes	Candy Chocolate Pastilles Chewing Gum	Snacks Biscuits Candy	Coffee Sweet Baked Snacks Pet Foods	Oat-based Biscuits Pasta Health

# Appendix – Global Positioning of Competitors

W U T I S

Smaller, traditional players face challenges in an innovation- and scale-driven environment

## Traditional Core



→ classic caramelized biscuit (Biscoff) with little change over decades



→ known for legacy brands like Snickers, M&M's, and Twix

## FERRERO

→ focus on emotional branding (e.g., Nutella, Kinder) with minimal focus on reformulation



→ classic biscuits with a focus on heritage and baking tradition



→ strong emphasis on tradition and luxury rather than health



→ traditional chocolate and candy with minimal changes

## Local/Niche



→ slow internationalization, main revenue in Europe



→ strong presence in Germany and parts of Central Europe



→ concentrated in Finland and a few licensed markets like the UK

## Innovative/Health driven



develops portion-controlled snacks, sugar-reduced lines and better-for-you options



strong investments in plant-based, functional foods and medical nutrition



owns Benecol (cholesterol-lowering functional foods)

## Global/Multicontinental



present in over 80 countries, with strong positions in confectionery and pet care worldwide



has a global retail network, including its own branded shops in high-traffic areas



revenue in more than 150 countries, with leading global snack brands like Oreo and Milka



dominant in North America, but also Mexico or China



most geographically diversified food company in the world



more Europe-centric, but operates in over 100 markets

# Appendix – Competitors: Brands

W U T I S

Competitors have various brands in their portfolios



## Famous Examples



## Others

TREK, BEAR, Kiddylicious, Peter's Yard, Dinosaurus, Peijnenburg, Annas, Snelle Jelle

Mars, Snickers, Milky Way, Twix, Bounty, 5 Gum, Wrigley's Spearmint,....

Ferrero Rocher Mon Chéri, Raffaello, Hanuta, Ferrero Küsschen, Giotto,...

Pick Up!, Brandt, Krakuski, Hit, Rawbite

Russell Stover, Caffarel, Hofbauer, Küfferle

Kit Kat, Hershey's Kisses, Ice Breakers, Milk Duds, Dot's Home Pretzels,....

Cadbury, Chips Ahoy!, Clif, Philadelphia, Ritz, LU, TUC, Sour Patch Kids,....

Kit Kat, Nescafé, Nespresso, + 175 others

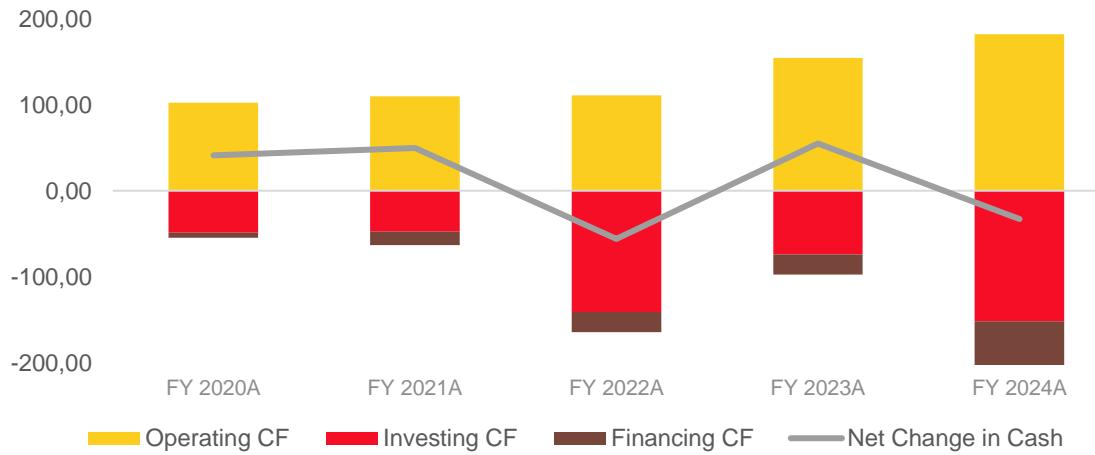
Sunnuntai, Torino, Nalle

# Appendix – Historical Financial Analysis

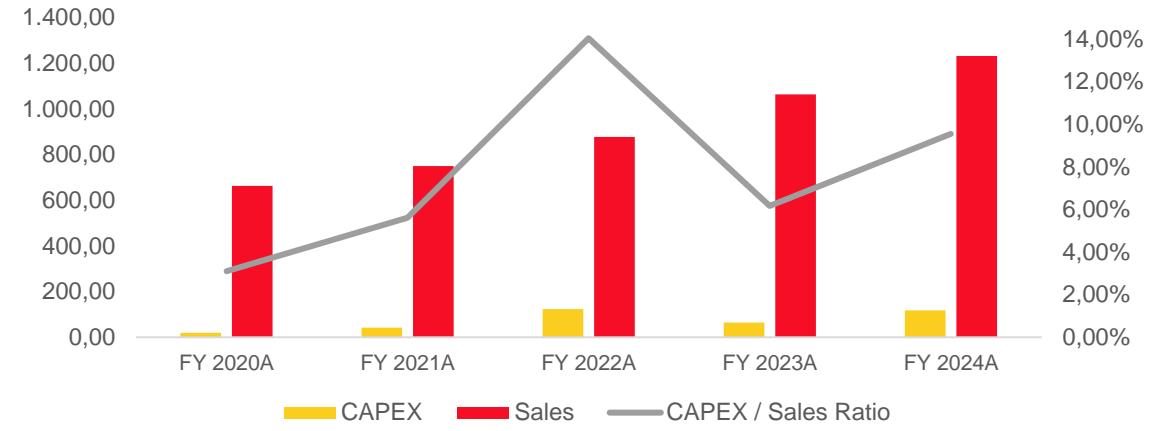
W U T I S

## Financial health and liquidity analysis

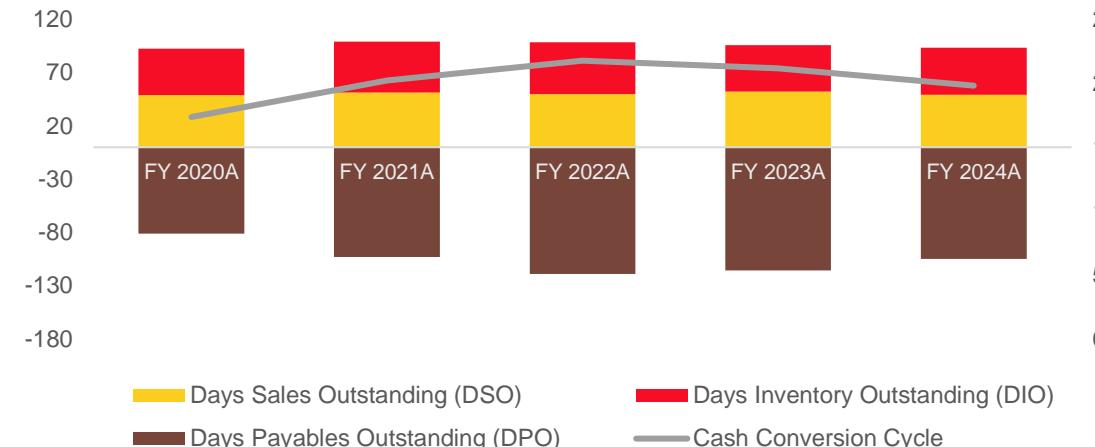
### Cashflow Analysis (in TEUR)



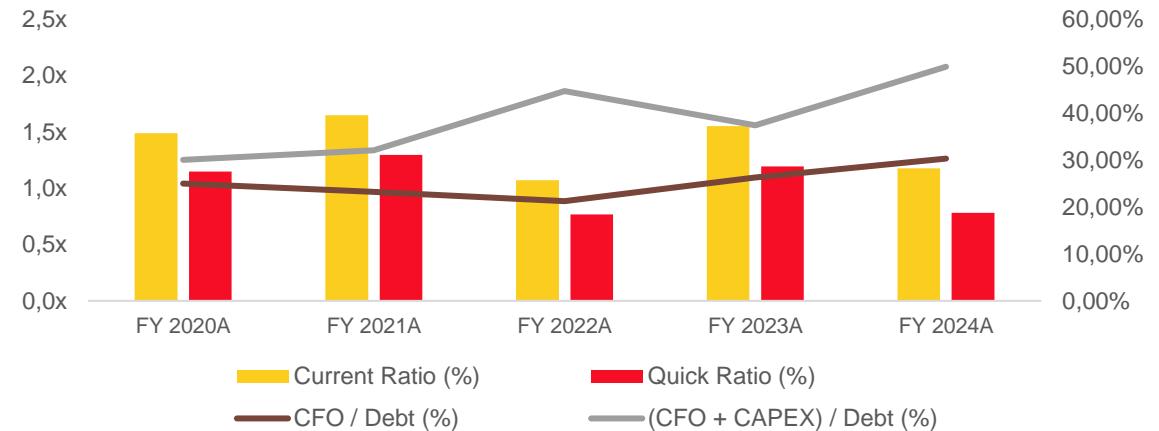
### CAPEX / Sales Ratio



### Cash Conversion Cycle (in days)



### Liquidity and Solvency

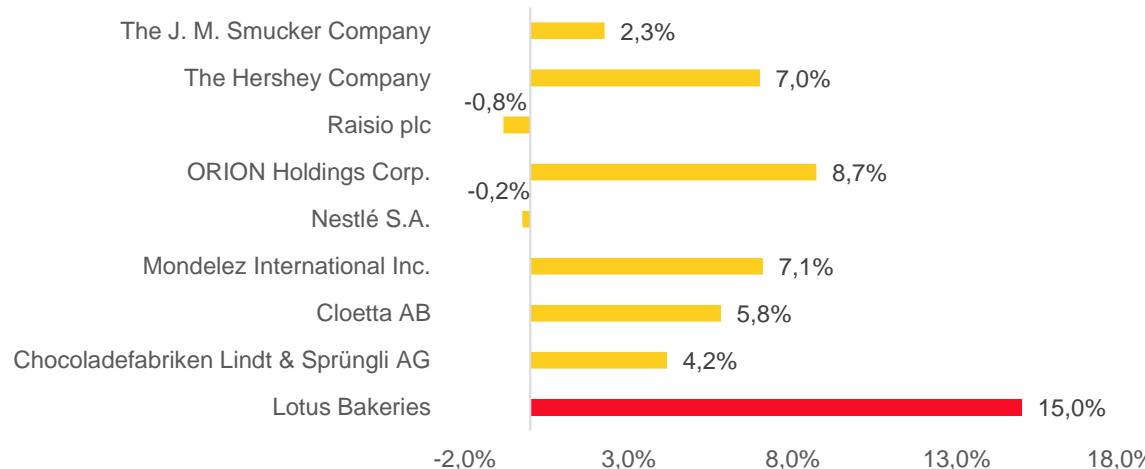


# Appendix – Financial Analysis

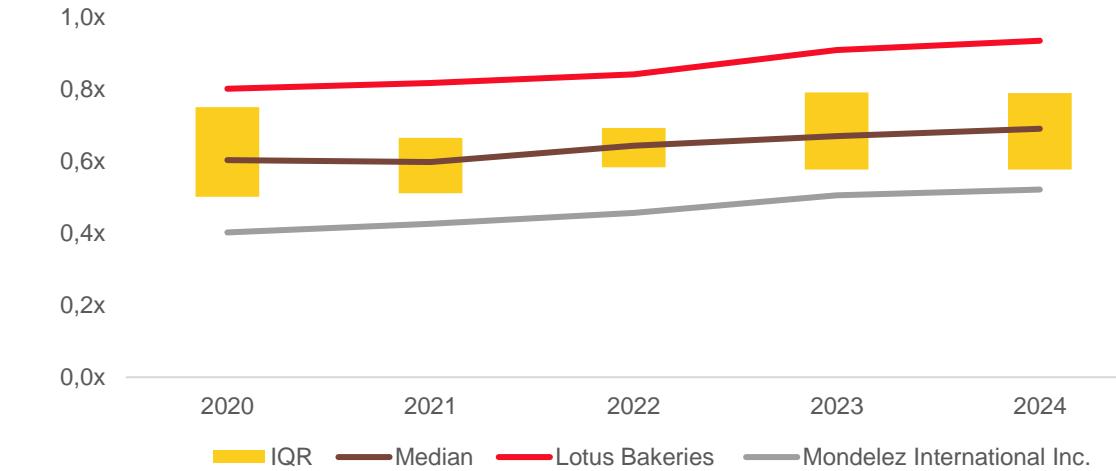
W U T I S

## Revenue growth and asset utilization

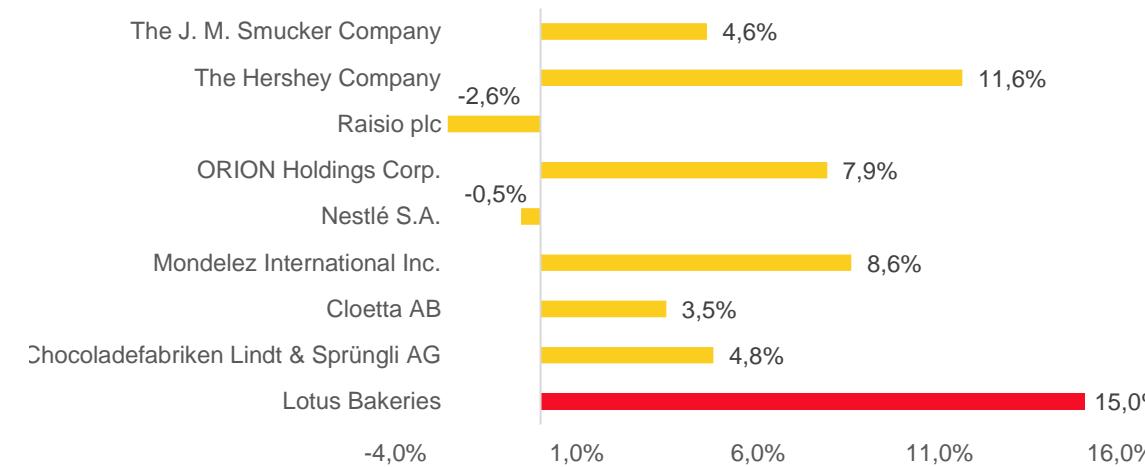
### Total Revenue Growth (5Y CAGR)



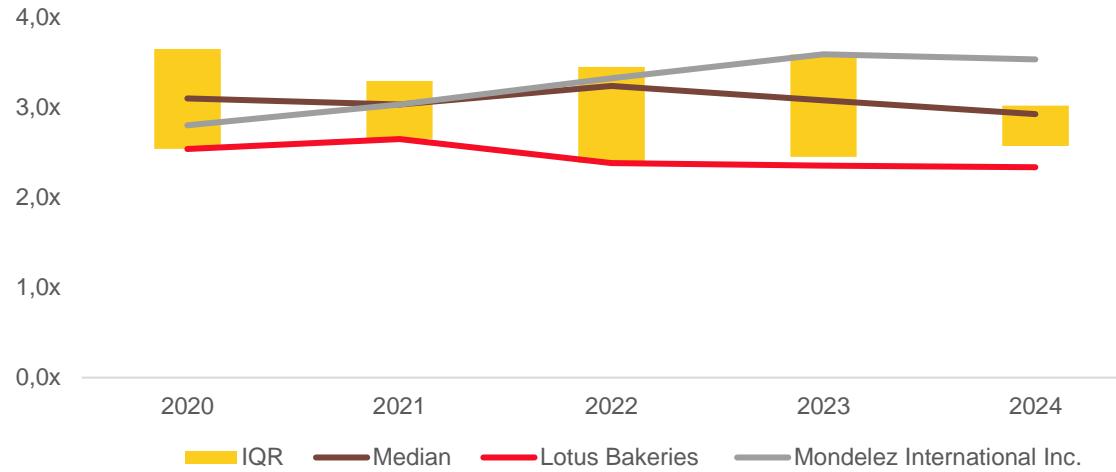
### Total Asset Turnover [%]



### Total EBITDA Growth (5Y CAGR)



### Fixed Asset Turnover [%]

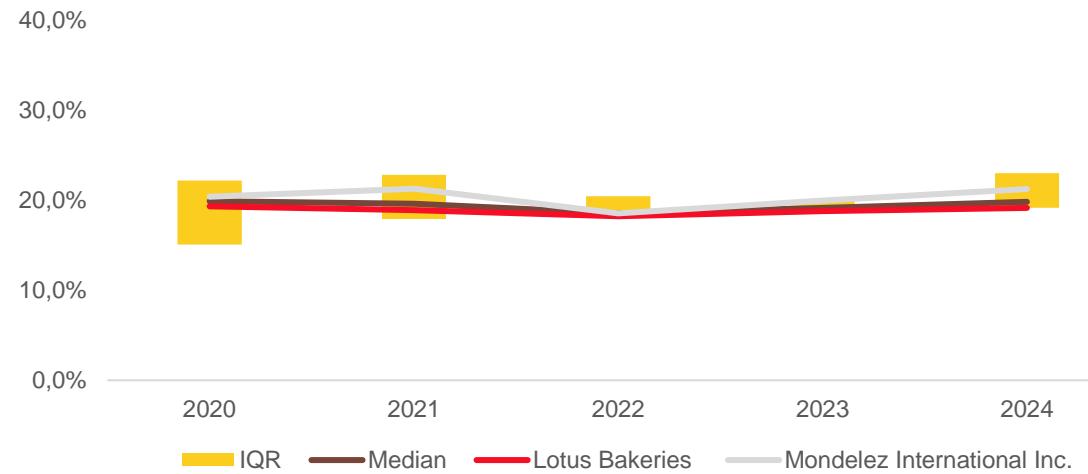


# Appendix – Financial Analysis

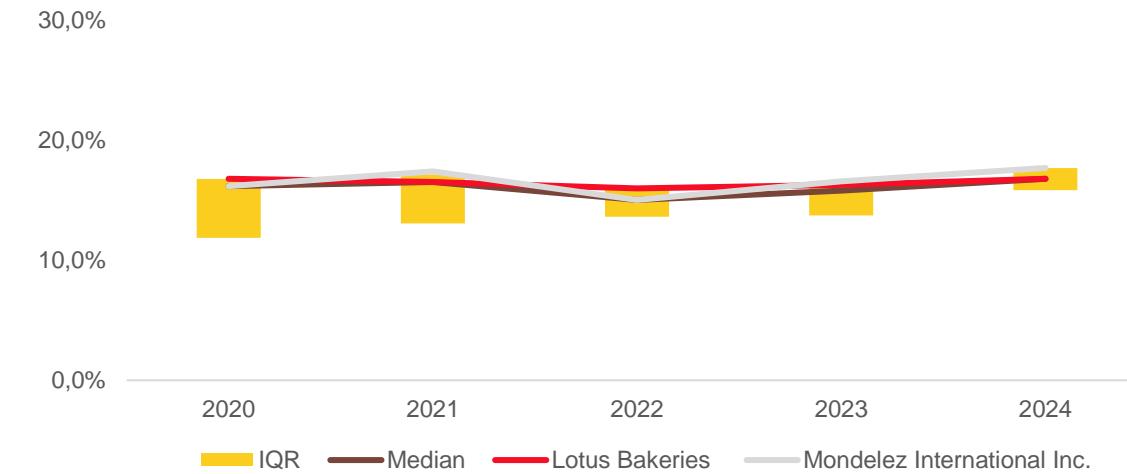
W U T I S

## Profitability metrics

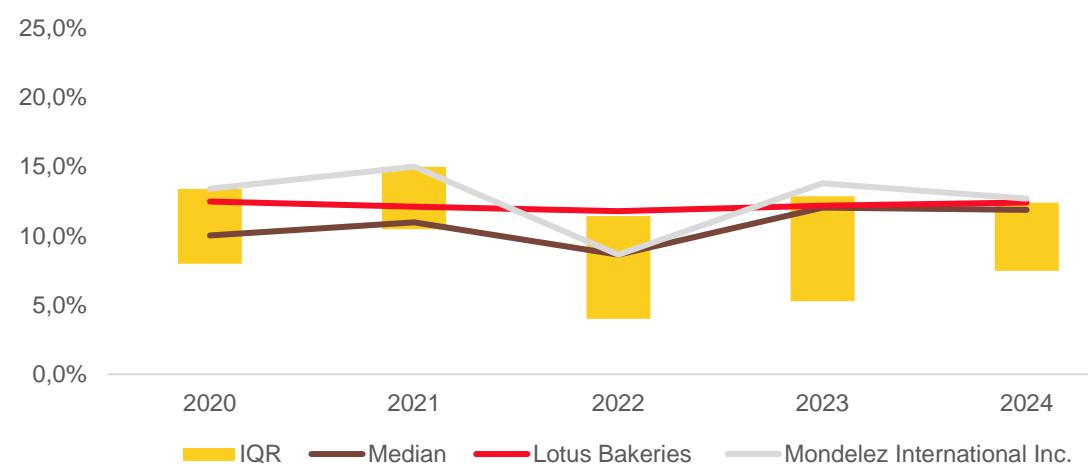
**EBITDA-Margin [%]**



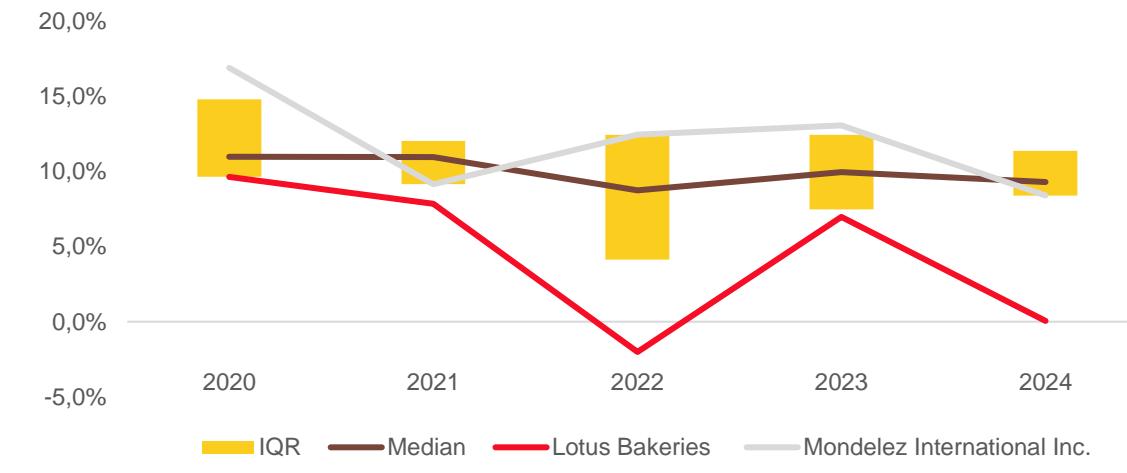
**EBIT-Margin [%]**



**Net Income-Margin [%]**



**Unlevered Free Cash Flow Margin [%]**

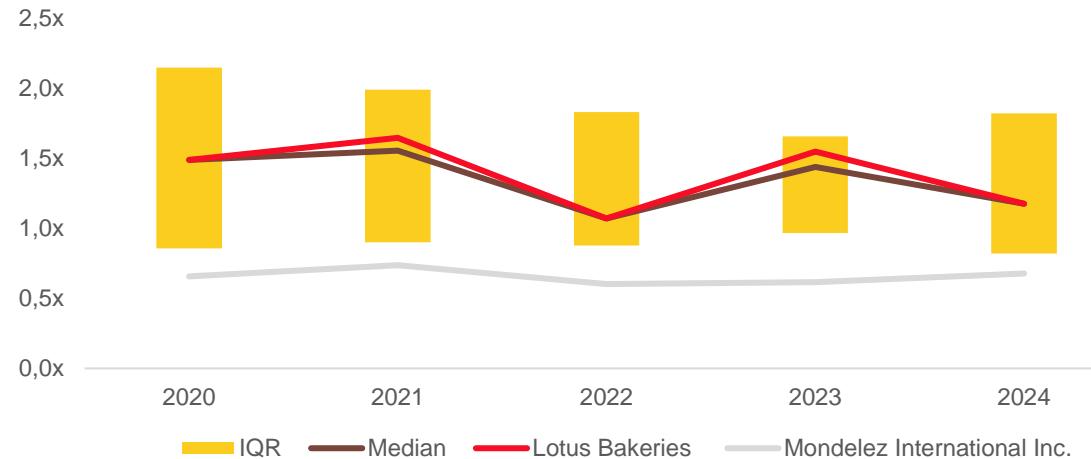


# Appendix – Financial Analysis

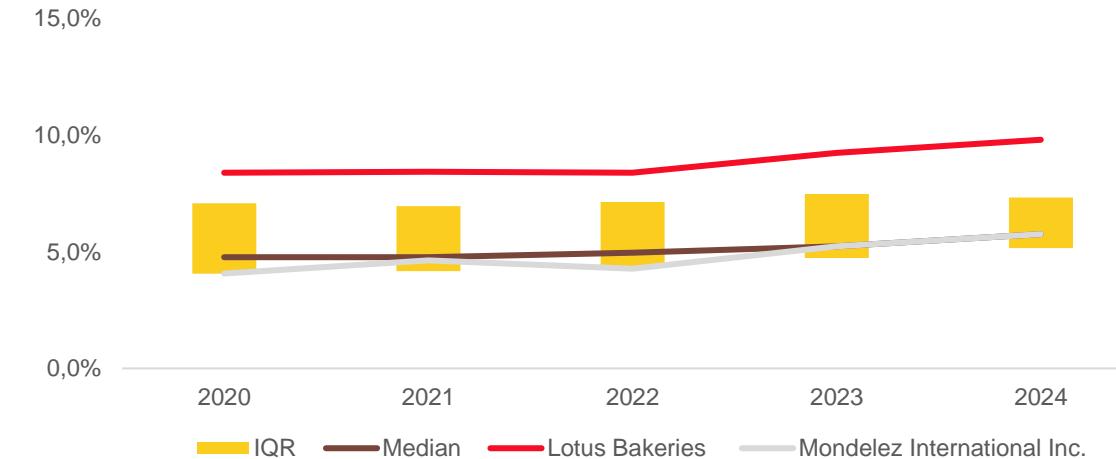
W U T I S

## Current ratio and return performance analysis

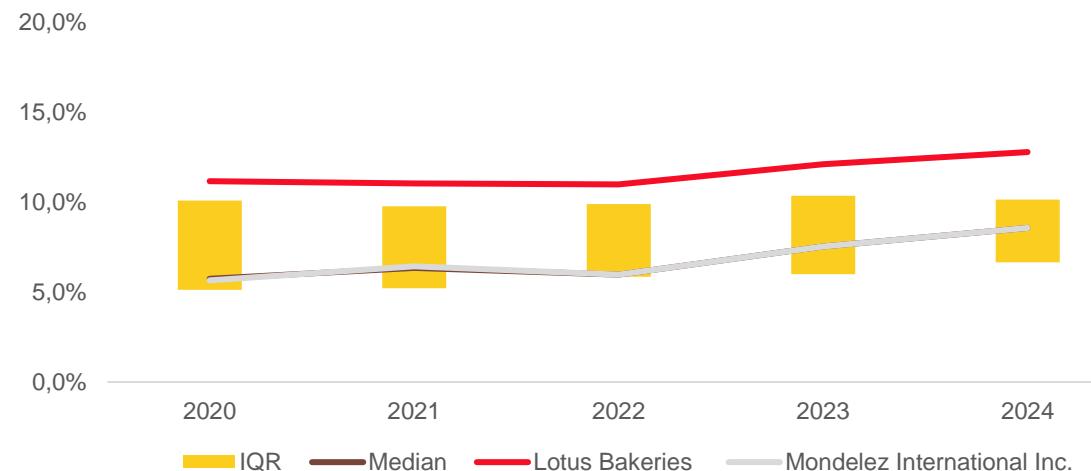
Current Ratio [%]



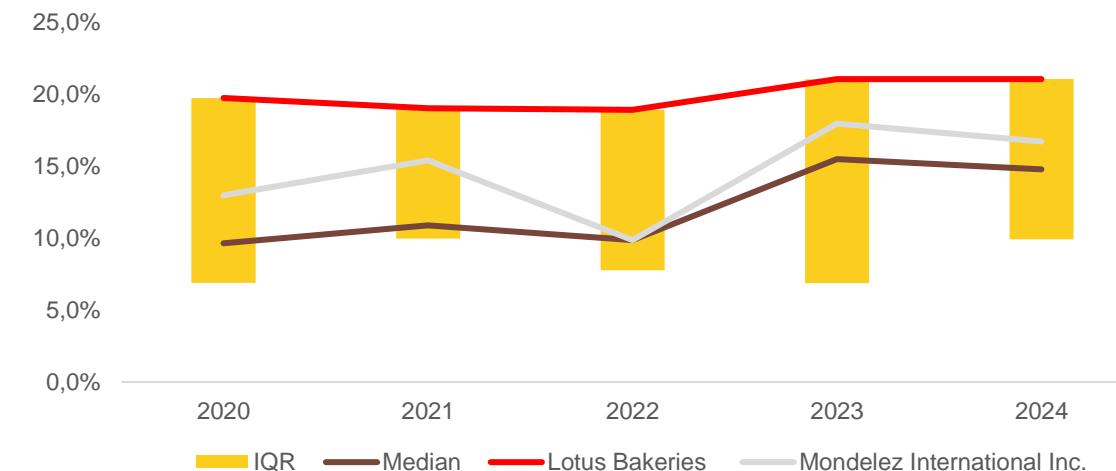
Return on Assets [%]



Return on Capital [%]



Return on Equity [%]

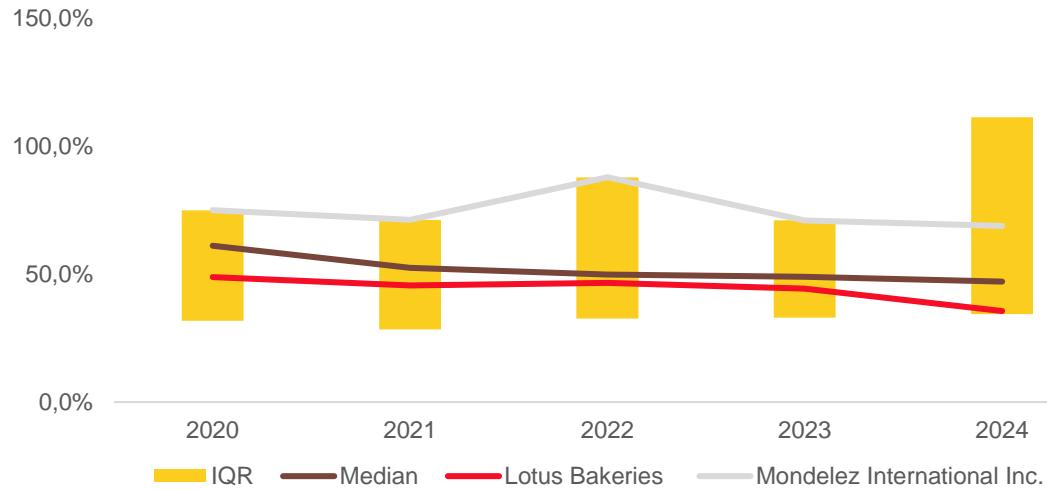


# Appendix – Financial Analysis

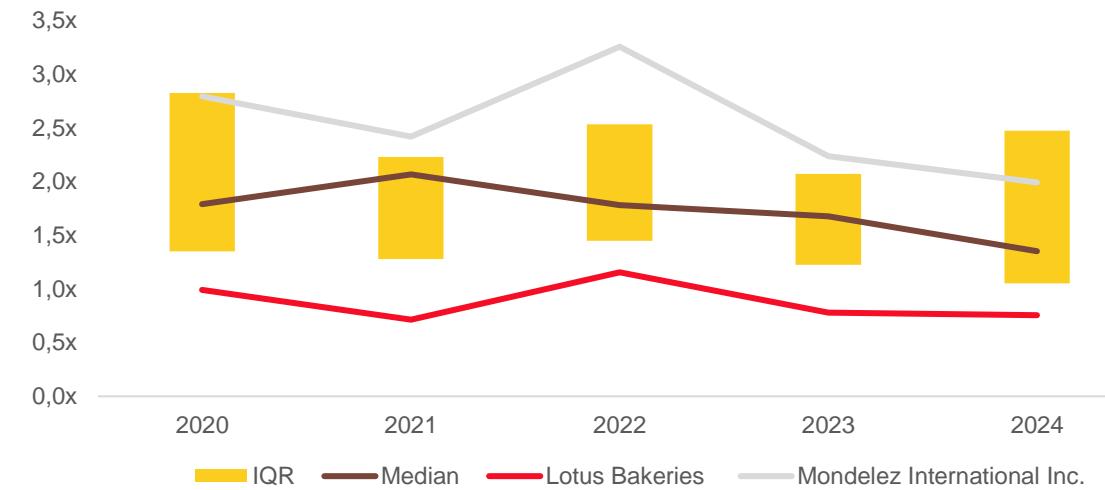
W U T I S

## Liquidity, solvency, and peer group multiples time series

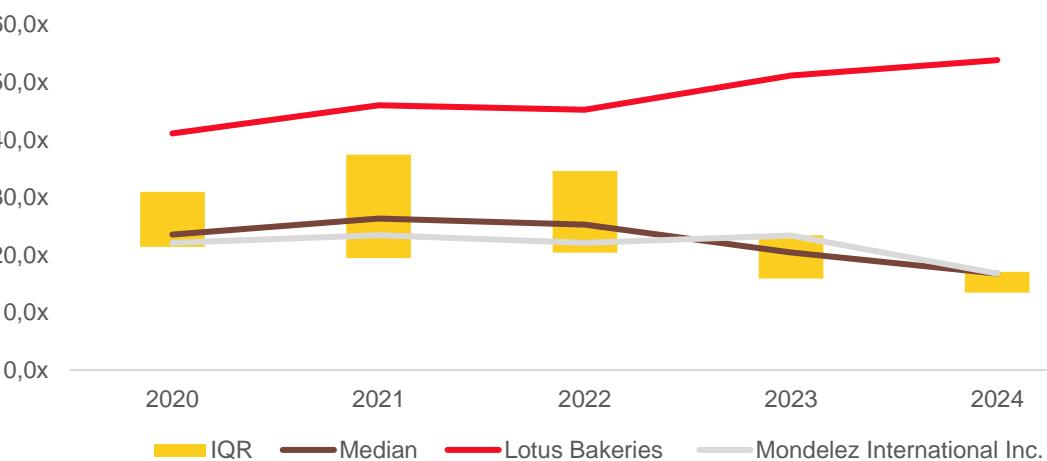
### Total Debt / Equity [%]



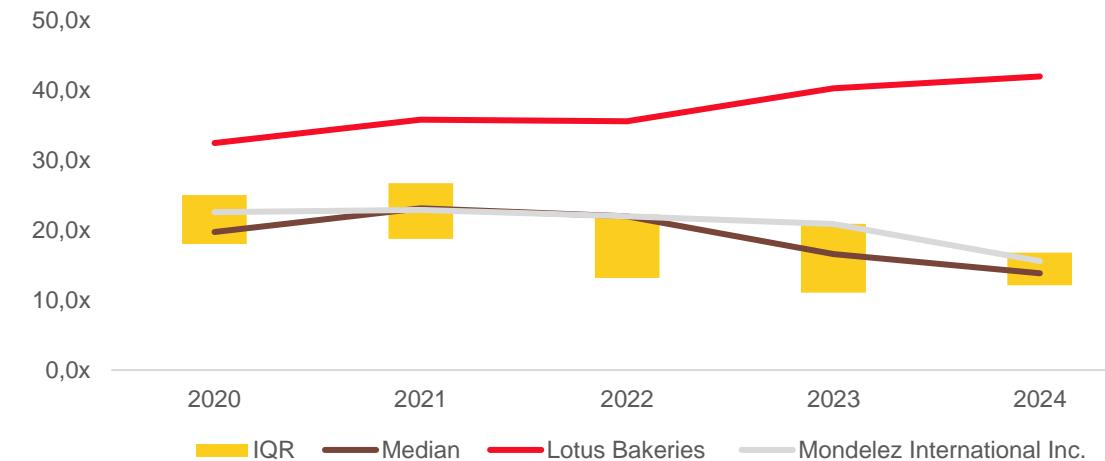
### Net Debt / EBITDA [x]



### NTM P/E over time [x]



### NTM P/E over time [x]

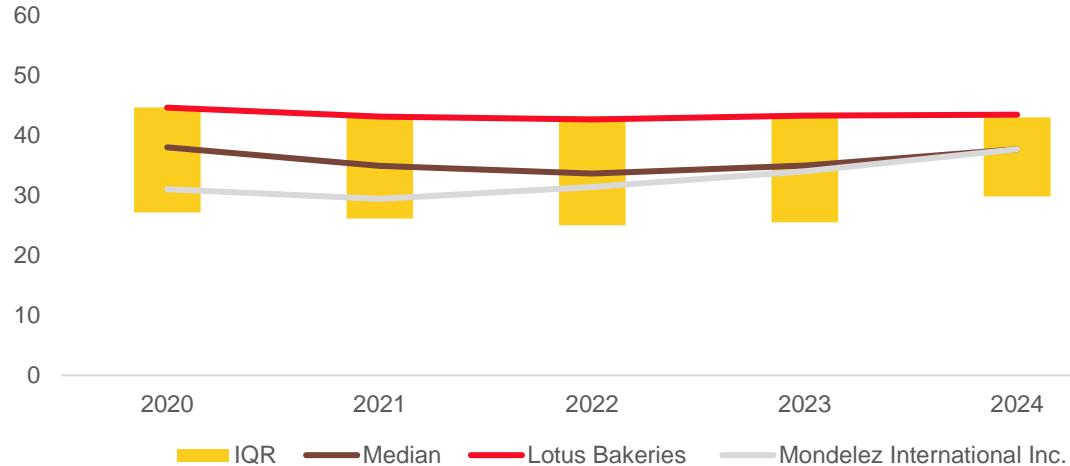


# Appendix – Financial Analysis

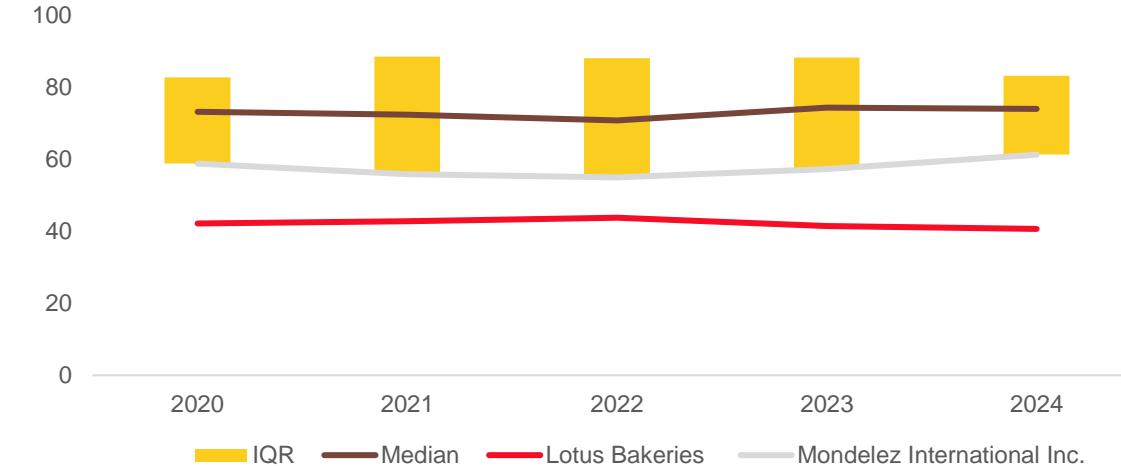
W U T I S

## Working capital analysis

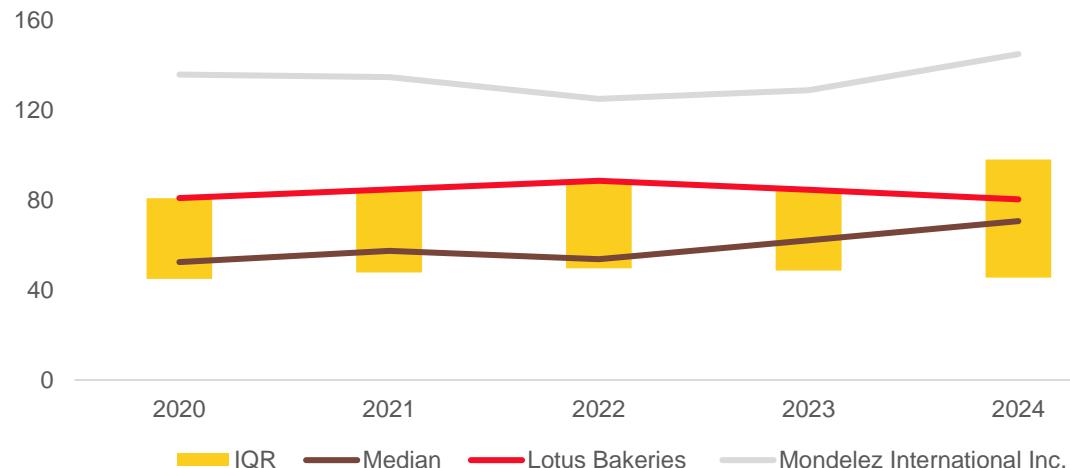
### Days Sales Outstanding [DSO]



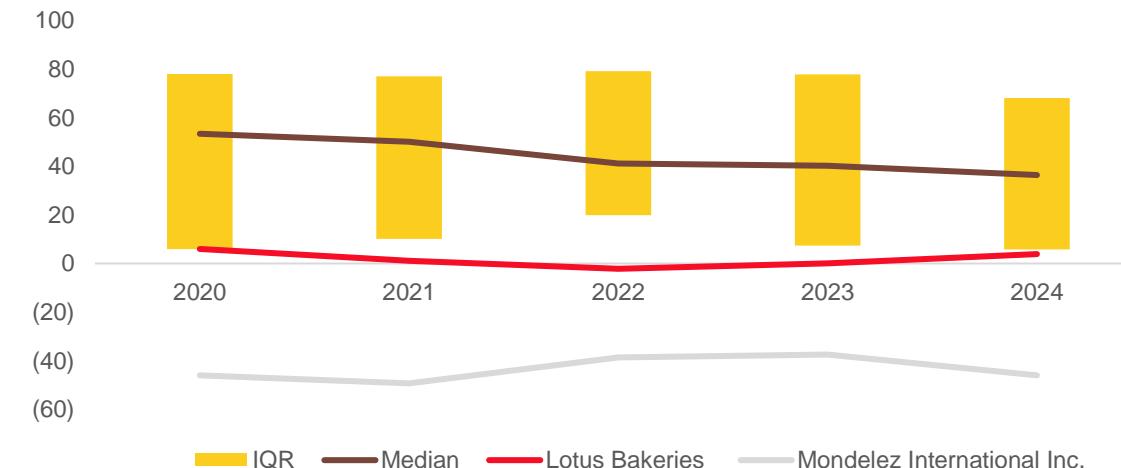
### Days Inventory On-Hand [DIO]



### Days Payables Outstanding [DPO]



### Cash Conversion Cycle [CCC]



# Appendix – Risks

W U T I S

## Strategic Risks Map: Cost Pressures, Regulatory Headwinds, and Production Constraints

- O1 Supply chain disruptions for key inputs (e.g., wheat, sugar, oils, packaging)
- O2 Potential setbacks in launching new production capacity in Thailand
- O3 Heavy reliance on production from limited sites
- M1 Shifting consumer preferences toward healthier products
- F1 Volatile input costs (commodities, energy, transport)
- W1 Rising wage costs from inflation & minimum wage hikes
- L1 New EU Packaging & Packaging Waste Regulation (PPWR)
- L2 Sugar taxes and HFSS (High in Fat, Sugar, and Salt) marketing restrictions

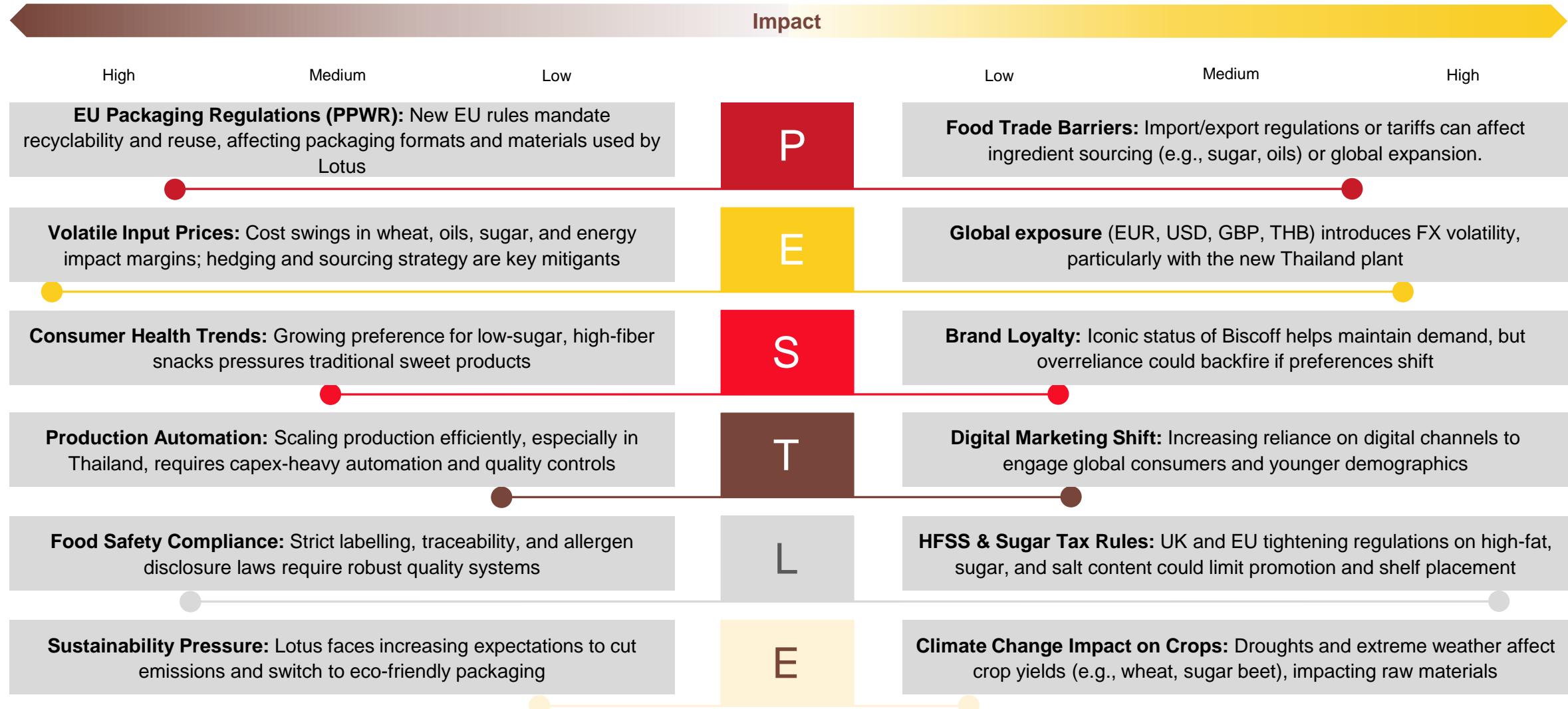


Operations (O) – Market (M) – Financial (F) – Legislation (L) – Workforce (W)

# Appendix – PESTLE Analysis

W U T I S

## External Factors Influencing Lotus Bakeries' Operations and Growth



# Appendix – SWOT Analysis

W U T I S

## Strategic Positioning of Lotus Bakeries in the Global Snacking Market

### STRENGTHS

- **Strong global brand equity through Biscoff**, driving international recognition and airline/channel loyalty.
- **Consistent double-digit growth** with strong profitability and disciplined capex approach.
- **Agile product innovation** across indulgent and natural snacking (e.g., Biscoff Ice Cream, Trek bars).

### OPPORTUNITIES

- **Expansion into Asia-Pacific** via Thailand plant enhances local distribution and cost efficiency.
- **Growing health-conscious demand** supports scaling of Natural Foods brands and low-sugar innovation.
- **Digital & co-branding potential** (e.g., Biscoff x McFlurry, e-commerce) boosts consumer reach and margin.



- **High revenue dependence on Biscoff portfolio**, increasing exposure to brand-specific risks.
- **Limited positioning in health & wellness segment**, especially versus functional snack competitors.
- **Concentrated production footprint**, creating operational risk in case of plant disruptions.

- **Input cost inflation** (wheat, sugar, energy) threatens margin stability.
- **HFSS and packaging regulations** may limit promotional freedom and force packaging redesigns.
- **Competitive pressure** from global CPG giants and private label snack brands.

### WEAKNESSES

### THREATS

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## Operating Model – Income Statement

Income Statement	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E
in € millions	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2025	31 Dec 2026	31 Dec 2027	31 Dec 2028	31 Dec 2029	31 Dec 2030	31 Dec 2031	31 Dec 2032	31 Dec 2033	31 Dec 2034
Biscoff	663.289,0	750.251,0	415.000,0	573.999,5	689.871,8	779.925,3	913.945,1	1.063.711,3	1.223.694,4	1.373.302,3	1.518.490,4	1.651.623,1	1.766.999,6	1.882.252,1	2.002.602,3
Natural Foods	-	-	175.000,0	255.110,9	295.659,4	322.268,7	354.495,6	397.035,0	446.664,4	506.964,1	572.869,5	641.613,8	712.191,3	779.849,5	826.640,4
Local Heroes	-	-	287.451,0	233.851,6	246.382,8	259.633,7	272.298,1	285.029,8	299.213,5	317.099,3	333.437,0	350.616,5	368.681,1	387.676,4	407.650,3
<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>663.289,0</b>	<b>750.251,0</b>	<b>877.451,0</b>	<b>1.062.962,0</b>	<b>1.231.914,0</b>	<b>1.361.827,8</b>	<b>1.540.738,7</b>	<b>1.745.776,1</b>	<b>1.969.572,3</b>	<b>2.197.365,8</b>	<b>2.424.796,9</b>	<b>2.643.853,4</b>	<b>2.847.871,9</b>	<b>3.049.777,9</b>	<b>3.236.893,1</b>
<i>Net Sales yoy</i>	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>13,1%</i>	<i>17,0%</i>	<i>21,1%</i>	<i>15,9%</i>	<i>10,5%</i>	<i>13,1%</i>	<i>13,3%</i>	<i>12,8%</i>	<i>11,6%</i>	<i>10,4%</i>	<i>9,0%</i>	<i>7,7%</i>	<i>7,1%</i>	<i>6,1%</i>
Cost of Sales / COGS	(393.180,0)	(442.848,0)	(529.587,0)	(645.927,0)	(751.844,0)	(824.086,3)	(926.077,7)	(1.049.984,1)	(1.174.427,1)	(1.324.532,8)	(1.470.149,0)	(1.624.324,0)	(1.771.307,8)	(1.925.593,0)	(2.044.347,2)
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>270.109,0</b>	<b>307.403,0</b>	<b>347.864,0</b>	<b>417.035,0</b>	<b>480.070,0</b>	<b>537.741,5</b>	<b>614.661,0</b>	<b>695.792,0</b>	<b>795.145,2</b>	<b>872.833,0</b>	<b>954.647,9</b>	<b>1.019.529,4</b>	<b>1.076.564,1</b>	<b>1.124.184,9</b>	<b>1.192.545,9</b>
<b>Gross Profit-Margin</b>	<b>40,7%</b>	<b>41,0%</b>	<b>39,6%</b>	<b>39,2%</b>	<b>39,0%</b>	<b>39,5%</b>	<b>39,9%</b>	<b>39,9%</b>	<b>40,4%</b>	<b>39,7%</b>	<b>39,4%</b>	<b>38,6%</b>	<b>37,8%</b>	<b>36,9%</b>	<b>36,8%</b>
Employee benefit expenses	(137.116,0)	(152.857,0)	(173.618,0)	(205.310,0)	(234.633,0)	(253.075,7)	(278.832,2)	(307.906,8)	(339.015,5)	(367.546,1)	(395.142,6)	(419.078,7)	(440.496,2)	(461.081,9)	(479.461,9)
Other operating Income/Expense	1.832,0	(4.242,0)	(4.823,0)	(4.667,0)	(2.284,0)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)	(2.836,8)
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>134.825,0</b>	<b>150.304,0</b>	<b>169.423,0</b>	<b>207.058,0</b>	<b>243.153,0</b>	<b>281.828,9</b>	<b>332.992,0</b>	<b>385.048,4</b>	<b>453.293,0</b>	<b>502.450,1</b>	<b>556.668,5</b>	<b>597.613,8</b>	<b>633.231,0</b>	<b>660.266,3</b>	<b>710.247,2</b>
<b>EBITDA-Margin</b>	<b>20,3%</b>	<b>20,0%</b>	<b>19,3%</b>	<b>19,5%</b>	<b>19,7%</b>	<b>20,7%</b>	<b>21,6%</b>	<b>22,1%</b>	<b>23,0%</b>	<b>22,9%</b>	<b>23,0%</b>	<b>22,6%</b>	<b>22,2%</b>	<b>21,6%</b>	<b>21,9%</b>
Depreciation & Amortization	(21.001,0)	(23.115,0)	(25.245,0)	(32.857,0)	(36.593,0)	(39.734,8)	(51.352,5)	(57.823,1)	(63.999,5)	(69.881,9)	(75.764,2)	(81.646,6)	(87.528,9)	(93.411,3)	(99.293,6)
Impairment on inventories and trade receivables	(2.710,0)	(3.384,0)	(3.992,0)	(1.226,0)	69,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Non-underlaying items	(4.593,0)	(4.135,0)	(3.807,0)	(2.544,0)	(5.165,0)	(4.048,8)	(3.940,0)	(3.901,0)	(3.919,7)	(4.194,9)	(4.000,9)	(3.991,3)	(4.001,5)	(4.021,7)	(4.042,1)
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>106.521,0</b>	<b>119.670,0</b>	<b>136.379,0</b>	<b>170.431,0</b>	<b>201.464,0</b>	<b>238.045,3</b>	<b>277.699,6</b>	<b>323.324,4</b>	<b>385.373,7</b>	<b>428.373,3</b>	<b>476.903,4</b>	<b>511.976,0</b>	<b>541.700,6</b>	<b>562.833,3</b>	<b>606.911,5</b>
<b>EBIT-Margin</b>	<b>16,1%</b>	<b>16,0%</b>	<b>15,5%</b>	<b>16,0%</b>	<b>16,4%</b>	<b>17,5%</b>	<b>18,0%</b>	<b>18,5%</b>	<b>19,6%</b>	<b>19,5%</b>	<b>19,7%</b>	<b>19,4%</b>	<b>19,0%</b>	<b>18,5%</b>	<b>18,7%</b>
Interest Expense	(2.726,0)	(2.766,0)	(2.565,0)	(1.560,0)	(942,0)	(2.074,8)	(1.055,7)	495,1	2.762,2	5.883,4	9.663,9	14.021,7	18.908,1	23.975,8	29.480,6
Foreign exchange gains	51,0	886,0	988,0	(119,0)	(358,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Other financial income	(329,0)	(493,0)	(775,0)	(854,0)	(913,0)	(672,8)	(741,6)	(791,3)	(794,5)	(782,6)	(756,6)	(773,3)	(779,7)	(777,3)	(773,9)
<b>EBT</b>	<b>103.517,0</b>	<b>117.297,0</b>	<b>134.027,0</b>	<b>167.898,0</b>	<b>199.251,0</b>	<b>235.297,7</b>	<b>275.902,3</b>	<b>323.028,2</b>	<b>387.341,4</b>	<b>433.474,1</b>	<b>485.810,7</b>	<b>525.224,3</b>	<b>559.829,0</b>	<b>586.031,7</b>	<b>635.618,2</b>
<b>EBT-Margin</b>	<b>15,6%</b>	<b>15,6%</b>	<b>15,3%</b>	<b>15,8%</b>	<b>16,2%</b>	<b>17,3%</b>	<b>17,9%</b>	<b>18,5%</b>	<b>19,7%</b>	<b>19,7%</b>	<b>20,0%</b>	<b>19,9%</b>	<b>19,7%</b>	<b>19,2%</b>	<b>19,6%</b>
Taxes	(20.972,0)	(26.554,0)	(30.744,0)	(38.565,0)	(46.769,0)	(58.824,4)	(68.975,6)	(80.757,1)	(96.835,4)	(108.368,5)	(121.452,7)	(131.306,1)	(139.957,3)	(146.507,9)	(158.904,5)
Tax Rate (%)	20,3%	22,6%	22,9%	23,0%	23,5%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%
<b>Net Income</b>	<b>82.545,0</b>	<b>90.743,0</b>	<b>103.283,0</b>	<b>129.333,0</b>	<b>152.482,0</b>	<b>176.473,3</b>	<b>206.926,7</b>	<b>242.271,2</b>	<b>290.506,1</b>	<b>325.105,6</b>	<b>364.358,1</b>	<b>393.918,3</b>	<b>419.871,8</b>	<b>439.523,8</b>	<b>476.713,6</b>
<i>Net Income-Margin</i>	<i>12,4%</i>	<i>12,1%</i>	<i>11,8%</i>	<i>12,2%</i>	<i>12,4%</i>	<i>13,0%</i>	<i>13,4%</i>	<i>13,9%</i>	<i>14,7%</i>	<i>14,8%</i>	<i>15,0%</i>	<i>14,9%</i>	<i>14,7%</i>	<i>14,4%</i>	<i>14,7%</i>

# Appendix – Valuation

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## Operating Model – Balance Sheet – Assets

Balance Sheet	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E
<b>Current Assets</b>															
Cash & Cash Equivalents	81.261,0	132.160,0	76.435,0	131.231,0	98.314,0	76.297,1	127.251,8	204.794,9	318.149,2	474.209,2	663.235,9	881.122,7	1.125.445,8	1.378.828,0	1.654.067,6
Inventory	46.827,0	57.901,0	70.361,0	76.906,0	90.473,0	102.533,3	116.711,2	135.203,4	154.445,2	177.814,0	201.390,3	226.960,3	252.350,7	279.606,7	302.451,4
Accounts Receivables	89.042,0	105.164,0	120.074,0	152.044,0	166.511,0	187.785,6	211.060,1	239.147,4	269.804,4	301.009,0	332.164,0	362.171,7	390.119,4	417.777,8	443.410,0
Prepaid Expenses	3.142,0	5.276,0	4.947,0	4.888,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0	4.356,0
Other Current Assets	1.115,0	1.471,0	3.219,0	2.851,0	3.565,0	3.509,8	4.221,2	4.782,9	5.396,1	6.020,2	6.643,3	7.243,4	7.802,4	8.355,6	8.868,2
Other financial assets	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0	35.914,0
<b>Total Current Assets</b>	<b>221.387,0</b>	<b>301.972,0</b>	<b>275.036,0</b>	<b>367.920,0</b>	<b>399.133,0</b>	<b>410.395,8</b>	<b>499.514,2</b>	<b>624.198,7</b>	<b>788.064,9</b>	<b>999.322,4</b>	<b>1.243.703,5</b>	<b>1.517.768,1</b>	<b>1.815.988,3</b>	<b>2.124.838,0</b>	<b>2.449.067,2</b>
<b>Non-Current Assets</b>															
Property, Plant & Equipment (PP&E)	258.182,0	307.725,0	428.244,0	474.311,0	580.404,0	695.669,2	764.316,7	816.493,6	857.494,1	887.612,2	911.848,0	930.201,4	942.672,5	949.261,2	949.967,5
Goodwill	139.966,0	144.745,0	225.246,0	222.915,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0	230.070,0
Intangible assets	216.485,0	224.846,0	146.735,0	147.825,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0	150.437,0
Investments in other companies	4.403,0	9.755,0	16.806,0	27.504,0	28.798,0	59.212,8	88.720,6	127.203,1	172.016,9	215.416,5	255.455,6	289.706,9	315.474,9	344.232,5	376.211,2
Deferred tax assets	3.351,0	2.182,0	2.212,0	2.120,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0	2.485,0
Other Non-Current Assets	453,0	867,0	757,0	908,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0	856,0
<b>Total Non-Current Assets</b>	<b>622.840,0</b>	<b>690.120,0</b>	<b>820.000,0</b>	<b>875.583,0</b>	<b>993.050,0</b>	<b>1.138.730,0</b>	<b>1.236.885,3</b>	<b>1.327.544,8</b>	<b>1.413.359,0</b>	<b>1.486.876,7</b>	<b>1.551.151,6</b>	<b>1.603.756,3</b>	<b>1.641.995,4</b>	<b>1.677.341,7</b>	<b>1.710.026,7</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>844.227,0</b>	<b>992.092,0</b>	<b>1.095.036,0</b>	<b>1.243.503,0</b>	<b>1.392.183,0</b>	<b>1.549.125,7</b>	<b>1.736.399,5</b>	<b>1.951.743,4</b>	<b>2.201.423,9</b>	<b>2.486.199,1</b>	<b>2.794.855,0</b>	<b>3.121.524,5</b>	<b>3.457.983,7</b>	<b>3.802.179,7</b>	<b>4.159.093,9</b>

# Appendix – Valuation

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## Operating Model – Balance Sheet – Liabilities & Shareholders Equity

Current Liabilities															
Trade and other payables	87.370,0	125.315,0	172.995,0	205.110,0	216.256,0	236.846,8	266.405,9	302.050,2	337.848,9	381.030,0	422.919,6	467.271,3	509.554,3	553.937,7	588.099,9
Interest-bearing liabilities	12.552,0	17.439,0	70.178,0	14.657,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0	100.810,0
Employee benefit obligations	317,0	333,0	232,0	335,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0	463,0
Provisions	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0	21,0
Employee benefit expenses and social security	26.508,0	26.515,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Current tax liabilities	12.846,0	6.252,0	10.367,0	14.173,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0	18.446,0
Accrued charges and deferred income	4.404,0	5.091,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Other Current Liabilities	4.624,0	2.144,0	2.917,0	3.056,0	3.046,0	5.091,6	5.074,4	5.753,3	6.435,2	7.257,7	8.055,6	8.900,4	9.705,8	10.551,2	11.201,9
<b>Total Current Liabilities</b>	<b>148.642,0</b>	<b>183.110,0</b>	<b>256.710,0</b>	<b>237.352,0</b>	<b>339.042,0</b>	<b>361.678,5</b>	<b>391.220,3</b>	<b>427.543,6</b>	<b>464.024,1</b>	<b>508.027,7</b>	<b>550.715,2</b>	<b>595.911,7</b>	<b>639.000,1</b>	<b>684.228,9</b>	<b>719.041,8</b>
Non-Current Liabilities															
Interest-bearing Liabilities (Debt)	198.156,0	218.837,0	196.066,0	275.834,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0	180.501,0
Other Non-Current Liabilities	57.195,0	64.243,0	63.715,0	68.025,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0	74.624,0
Others	6.490,0	6.370,0	6.404,0	6.085,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0	6.861,0
<b>Total Non-Current Liabilities</b>	<b>261.841,0</b>	<b>289.450,0</b>	<b>266.185,0</b>	<b>349.944,0</b>	<b>261.986,0</b>										
Shareholders' Equity															
Share Capital and APIC	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0	16.388,0
Retained Earnings	476.724,0	539.590,0	611.180,0	704.401,0	810.954,0	945.260,3	1.102.992,2	1.282.012,9	1.495.212,8	1.735.984,4	2.001.952,8	2.283.425,8	2.576.796,6	2.875.763,8	3.197.865,2
Treasury shares	(11.474,0)	(9.514,0)	(18.976,0)	(18.797,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)	(16.882,0)
Other reserves	(47.961,0)	(26.932,0)	(36.451,0)	(45.785,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)	(19.305,0)
Non-controlling interests	67,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Total Shareholders' Equity</b>	<b>433.744,0</b>	<b>519.532,0</b>	<b>572.141,0</b>	<b>656.207,0</b>	<b>791.155,0</b>	<b>925.461,3</b>	<b>1.083.193,2</b>	<b>1.262.213,9</b>	<b>1.475.413,8</b>	<b>1.716.185,4</b>	<b>1.982.153,8</b>	<b>2.263.626,8</b>	<b>2.556.997,6</b>	<b>2.855.964,8</b>	<b>3.178.066,2</b>
<b>Total Liabilities and Equity</b>	<b>844.227,0</b>	<b>992.092,0</b>	<b>1.095.036,0</b>	<b>1.243.503,0</b>	<b>1.392.183,0</b>	<b>1.549.125,7</b>	<b>1.736.399,5</b>	<b>1.951.743,4</b>	<b>2.201.423,9</b>	<b>2.486.199,1</b>	<b>2.794.855,0</b>	<b>3.121.524,5</b>	<b>3.457.983,7</b>	<b>3.802.179,7</b>	<b>4.159.093,9</b>

# Appendix – Valuation

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## Operating Model – Cash Flow Statement

Cash Flow Statement	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E
	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2025	31 Dec 2026	31 Dec 2027	31 Dec 2028	31 Dec 2029	31 Dec 2030	31 Dec 2031	31 Dec 2032	31 Dec 2033	31 Dec 2034
<b>Net income</b>	<b>82.593,0</b>	<b>90.767,0</b>	<b>103.283,0</b>	<b>129.333,0</b>	<b>152.482,0</b>	<b>176.473,3</b>	<b>206.926,7</b>	<b>242.271,2</b>	<b>290.506,1</b>	<b>325.105,6</b>	<b>364.358,1</b>	<b>393.918,3</b>	<b>419.871,8</b>	<b>439.523,8</b>	<b>476.713,6</b>
+ Depreciation & Amortization	21.018,0	23.159,0	25.245,0	32.857,0	36.593,0	39.734,8	51.352,5	57.823,1	63.999,5	69.881,9	75.764,2	81.646,6	87.528,9	93.411,3	99.293,6
+ Impairments	2.952,0	3.740,0	259,0	(21,0)	(114,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
+ Stock-based Compensation (SBC)	521,0	419,0	470,0	470,0	942,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
+ Financial Result	2.956,0	2.349,0	2.354,0	2.533,0	2.213,0	2.747,6	1.797,3	296,2	(1.967,7)	(5.100,8)	(8.907,4)	(13.248,4)	(18.128,5)	(23.198,4)	(28.706,7)
+ Additions to LT Provisions	121,0	442,0	(16,0)	(478,0)	100,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
+ Income Taxes	20.972,0	26.554,0	30.744,0	38.565,0	46.769,0	58.824,4	68.975,6	80.757,1	96.835,4	108.368,5	121.452,7	131.306,1	139.957,3	146.507,9	158.904,5
<b>Cash Earnings</b>	<b>131.133,0</b>	<b>147.430,0</b>	<b>162.339,0</b>	<b>203.259,0</b>	<b>238.985,0</b>	<b>277.780,1</b>	<b>329.052,1</b>	<b>381.147,5</b>	<b>449.373,3</b>	<b>498.255,2</b>	<b>552.667,6</b>	<b>593.622,6</b>	<b>629.229,5</b>	<b>656.244,6</b>	<b>706.205,2</b>
+/- Chg. in Accounts Receivables	(5.092,0)	(4.778,0)	(15.675,0)	(31.266,0)	(11.975,0)	(21.274,6)	(23.274,5)	(28.087,3)	(30.657,0)	(31.204,6)	(31.154,9)	(30.007,7)	(27.947,7)	(27.658,4)	(25.632,2)
+/- Chg. in Inventory	(6.302,0)	(12.957,0)	(11.596,0)	(6.544,0)	(13.568,0)	(12.060,3)	(14.177,9)	(18.492,3)	(19.241,8)	(23.368,8)	(23.576,3)	(25.570,1)	(25.390,4)	(27.255,9)	(22.844,7)
+/- Chg. In Other Assets	(1.077,0)	(5.366,0)	141,0	367,0	(713,0)	55,2	(711,4)	(561,7)	(613,1)	(624,1)	(600,2)	(559,0)	(553,2)	(512,6)	
+/- Chg. in Accounts Payables	105,0	18.576,0	1.880,0	18.896,0	6.340,0	20.590,8	29.559,1	35.644,3	35.798,7	43.181,1	41.889,6	44.351,7	42.283,0	44.383,4	34.162,2
+/- Chg. in Other Liabilities	4.521,0	(3.504,0)	1.430,0	1.015,0	570,0	2.045,6	(17,2)	678,9	681,9	822,5	797,9	844,8	805,4	845,4	650,7
<b>Cash from Working Capital</b>	<b>(7.845,0)</b>	<b>(8.029,0)</b>	<b>(23.820,0)</b>	<b>(17.532,0)</b>	<b>(19.346,0)</b>	<b>(10.643,2)</b>	<b>(8.622,0)</b>	<b>(10.818,1)</b>	<b>(14.031,4)</b>	<b>(11.193,9)</b>	<b>(12.666,8)</b>	<b>(10.981,5)</b>	<b>(10.808,7)</b>	<b>(10.238,7)</b>	<b>(14.176,7)</b>
+/- Interest Paid	(4.130,0)	(2.762,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
+/- Other Financial Income and Changes	(691,0)	1.664,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
- Income Taxes paid	(15.962,0)	(28.478,0)	(27.707,0)	(31.352,0)	(37.546,0)	(58.824,4)	(68.975,6)	(80.757,1)	(96.835,4)	(108.368,5)	(121.452,7)	(131.306,1)	(139.957,3)	(146.507,9)	(158.904,5)
<b>Net Cash Flow from Operating Activities</b>	<b>102.505,0</b>	<b>109.825,0</b>	<b>110.812,0</b>	<b>154.375,0</b>	<b>182.093,0</b>	<b>208.312,5</b>	<b>251.454,5</b>	<b>289.572,3</b>	<b>338.506,5</b>	<b>378.692,8</b>	<b>418.548,1</b>	<b>451.335,0</b>	<b>478.463,6</b>	<b>499.498,0</b>	<b>533.123,9</b>
+ Proceeds from sale of PP&E and intangible assets	6,0	541,0	141,0	0,0	20,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
- Purchases of PP&E and intangible assets	(20.565,0)	(42.048,0)	(123.112,0)	(65.457,0)	(117.605,0)	(155.000,0)	(120.000,0)	(110.000,0)	(105.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)
- Acquisition of subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(26.108,0)	(274,0)	(9.205,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
- Investments paid for financial assets	(2.159,0)	(5.353,0)	(9.281,0)	(10.587,0)	(37.208,0)	(30.414,8)	(29.507,8)	(38.482,6)	(44.813,8)	(43.399,6)	(40.039,1)	(34.251,4)	(25.768,0)	(28.757,6)	(31.978,7)
+/- Proceeds / (Reimbursement) of long-term receivables	0,0	(415,0)	91,0	(151,0)	53,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
+ Interest received	0,0	0,0	421,0	2.110,0	3.093,0	1.525,9	2.545,0	4.095,9	6.363,0	9.484,2	13.264,7	17.622,5	22.508,9	27.576,6	33.081,4
<b>Net Cash Flow from Investing Activities</b>	<b>(48.826,0)</b>	<b>(47.549,0)</b>	<b>(140.945,0)</b>	<b>(74.085,0)</b>	<b>(151.647,0)</b>	<b>(183.888,9)</b>	<b>(146.962,7)</b>	<b>(144.386,7)</b>	<b>(143.450,8)</b>	<b>(133.915,4)</b>	<b>(126.774,3)</b>	<b>(116.628,9)</b>	<b>(103.259,1)</b>	<b>(101.181,1)</b>	<b>(98.897,3)</b>
Proceeds from borrowings	41.497,0	30.000,0	39.000,0	88.000,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Repayments of borrowings	(24.053,0)	(14.500,0)	(14.000,0)	(66.000,0)	(9.500,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Payments of lease liabilities	(3.274,0)	(4.255,0)	(4.187,0)	(5.490,0)	(6.831,0)	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Interests paid	0,0	(2.762,0)	(2.642,0)	(3.819,0)	(3.772,0)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)	(3.600,8)
(Acquisition)/Disposal of treasury shares	6.129,0	3.234,0	(8.841,0)	324,0	2.392,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Other financial income and expenses	0,0	1.664,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	(672,8)	(741,6)	(791,3)	(794,5)	(782,6)	(756,6)	(773,3)	(779,7)	(777,3)	(773,9)
Dividends paid	(25.920,0)	(28.813,0)	(32.805,0)	(36.470,0)	(47.014,0)	(42.167,0)	(49.194,8)	(63.250,5)	(77.306,1)	(84.334,0)	(98.389,6)	(112.445,3)	(126.501,0)	(140.556,6)	(154.612,3)
<b>Net Cash Flow from Financing Activities</b>	<b>(5.621,0)</b>	<b>(15.432,0)</b>	<b>(23.475,0)</b>	<b>(23.455,0)</b>	<b>(64.725,0)</b>	<b>(46.440,6)</b>	<b>(53.537,2)</b>	<b>(67.642,5)</b>	<b>(81.701,4)</b>	<b>(88.717,4)</b>	<b>(102.747,0)</b>	<b>(116.819,4)</b>	<b>(130.881,4)</b>	<b>(144.934,7)</b>	<b>(158.987,0)</b>
Effects of exchange rate changes on C&CE	(6.890,0)	2.957,0	(2.117,0)	(2.038,0)	1.363,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Net change in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>41.168,0</b>	<b>49.801,0</b>	<b>(55.725,0)</b>	<b>54.797,0</b>	<b>(32.916,0)</b>	<b>(22.016,9)</b>	<b>50.954,6</b>	<b>77.543,1</b>	<b>113.354,3</b>	<b>156.060,0</b>	<b>189.026,8</b>	<b>217.886,7</b>	<b>244.323,1</b>	<b>253.382,2</b>	<b>275.239,7</b>

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## Discounted Cash Flow Overview

DCF Valuation	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E	TV
Valuation Date: Jun 13, 2025	Dec 31, 2023	Dec 31, 2024	Dec 31, 2025	Dec 31, 2026	Dec 31, 2027	Dec 31, 2028	Dec 31, 2029	Dec 31, 2030	Dec 31, 2031	Dec 31, 2032	Dec 31, 2033	Dec 31, 2034	Dec 31, 2029
<i>In € millions</i>													
<b>Net Sales</b>	<b>1.062.962,0</b>	<b>1.231.914,0</b>	<b>1.361.827,8</b>	<b>1.540.738,7</b>	<b>1.745.776,1</b>	<b>1.969.572,3</b>	<b>2.197.365,8</b>	<b>2.424.796,9</b>	<b>2.643.853,4</b>	<b>2.847.871,9</b>	<b>3.049.777,9</b>	<b>3.236.893,1</b>	
Growth YoY (%)	n.a.	15,9%	10,5%	13,1%	13,3%	12,8%	11,6%	10,4%	9,0%	7,7%	7,1%	6,1%	
<b>Gross Profit</b>	<b>417.035,0</b>	<b>480.070,0</b>	<b>537.741,5</b>	<b>614.661,0</b>	<b>695.792,0</b>	<b>795.145,2</b>	<b>872.833,0</b>	<b>954.647,9</b>	<b>1.019.529,4</b>	<b>1.076.564,1</b>	<b>1.124.184,9</b>	<b>1.192.545,9</b>	
<i>Gross Profit Margin (%)</i>	39,2%	39,0%	39,5%	39,9%	39,9%	40,4%	39,7%	39,4%	38,6%	37,8%	36,9%	36,8%	
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>207.058,0</b>	<b>243.153,0</b>	<b>281.828,9</b>	<b>332.992,0</b>	<b>385.048,4</b>	<b>453.293,0</b>	<b>502.450,1</b>	<b>556.668,5</b>	<b>597.613,8</b>	<b>633.231,0</b>	<b>660.266,3</b>	<b>710.247,2</b>	
<i>EBITDA Margin (%)</i>	19,5%	19,7%	20,7%	21,6%	22,1%	23,0%	22,9%	23,0%	22,6%	22,2%	21,6%	21,9%	
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>170.431,0</b>	<b>201.464,0</b>	<b>238.045,3</b>	<b>277.699,6</b>	<b>323.324,4</b>	<b>385.373,7</b>	<b>428.373,3</b>	<b>476.903,4</b>	<b>511.976,0</b>	<b>541.700,6</b>	<b>562.833,3</b>	<b>606.911,5</b>	
<i>EBIT Margin (%)</i>	16,0%	16,4%	17,5%	18,0%	18,5%	19,6%	19,5%	19,7%	19,4%	19,0%	18,5%	18,7%	
- Taxes	(42.607,8)	(50.366,0)	(59.511,3)	(69.424,9)	(80.831,1)	(96.343,4)	(107.093,3)	(119.225,8)	(127.994,0)	(135.425,1)	(140.708,3)	(151.727,9)	
Tax rate (%)	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	25,0%	
<b>NOPLAT</b>	<b>127.823,3</b>	<b>151.098,0</b>	<b>178.534,0</b>	<b>208.274,7</b>	<b>242.493,3</b>	<b>289.030,3</b>	<b>321.280,0</b>	<b>357.677,5</b>	<b>383.982,0</b>	<b>406.275,4</b>	<b>422.125,0</b>	<b>455.183,6</b>	
+ Depreciation & Amort.	32.857,0	36.593,0	39.734,8	51.352,5	57.823,1	63.999,5	69.881,9	75.764,2	81.646,6	87.528,9	93.411,3	99.293,6	
- Change in NWC	6.288,0	(1.814,0)	(51.824,9)	(67.740,1)	(82.106,7)	(85.628,7)	(97.556,1)	(96.446,0)	(99.684,9)	(95.374,7)	(99.005,5)	(82.501,0)	
- Capital Expenditures	(65.457,0)	(117.605,0)	(155.000,0)	(120.000,0)	(110.000,0)	(105.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	(100.000,0)	
													g = 2,0%
<b>Unlevered FCF</b>	<b>101.511,3</b>	<b>68.272,0</b>	<b>11.443,9</b>	<b>71.887,1</b>	<b>108.209,7</b>	<b>162.401,1</b>	<b>193.605,8</b>	<b>236.995,7</b>	<b>265.943,7</b>	<b>298.429,7</b>	<b>316.530,8</b>	<b>371.976,3</b>	<b>8.966.755,4</b>
<i>in % of Net Sales</i>	9,5%	5,5%	0,8%	4,7%	6,2%	8,2%	8,8%	9,8%	10,1%	10,5%	10,4%	11,5%	
<i>Reinvestment Rate, % NOPLAT</i>	20,6%	54,8%	93,6%	65,5%	55,4%	43,8%	39,7%	33,7%	30,7%	26,5%	25,0%	18,3%	
Partial Period Adjustment			0,55	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	1,00	
<b>Adjusted UFCFs</b>			<b>6.294,2</b>	<b>71.887,1</b>	<b>108.209,7</b>	<b>162.401,1</b>	<b>193.605,8</b>	<b>236.995,7</b>	<b>265.943,7</b>	<b>298.429,7</b>	<b>316.530,8</b>	<b>371.976,3</b>	<b>8.966.755,4</b>
WACC (%)			6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%	6,23%
Periods for Discounting			0,55	1,55	2,55	3,55	4,55	5,55	6,55	7,55	8,55	9,55	9,55
Discount Factor			0,97	0,91	0,86	0,81	0,76	0,71	0,67	0,63	0,60	0,56	0,56
<b>PV of Adjusted UFCFs</b>			<b>6.088,3</b>	<b>65.457,4</b>	<b>92.751,6</b>	<b>131.036,3</b>	<b>147.051,1</b>	<b>169.448,5</b>	<b>178.992,2</b>	<b>189.074,9</b>	<b>188.779,6</b>	<b>208.834,1</b>	<b>5.034.097,3</b>

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## DCF – WACC Calculation & Equity Bridge

### Cost of Equity

Risk-free Rate	3,01%
<b>Unlevered Beta (β<sub>UL</sub>)</b>	<b>0,62</b>
Implied D/E Ratio	2,60%
Relevered Beta	0,63
Market Risk Premium	5,19%
Country Risk Premium (CRP CoE)	0,00%
Inflation Differential	0,00%
Size Premium	0,00%
<b>Cost of Equity (CoE)</b>	<b>6,30%</b>

--> 30Y EUR Bundsanleihe Yield, S&P Capital IQ, as of 13/06/2025  
--> Blumes Adjustment of unlevered peer group  
--> Net Debt as of QAR 2024 2025 / Market Cap, as of Jun 13, 2025  
--> Relevered  $\beta = \text{Unlevered } \beta * [1 + D/E * (1 - t)]$   
--> Implied equity market risk premium  
--> An additional CRP for CoE has been disregarded  
--> Inflation Differential has been disregarded  
--> An additional Size Premium has been disregarded  
-->  $R_f + \text{Relevered Beta} * MRP + CRP + \text{Inflation Diff.} + \text{Size Premium}$

### Cost of Debt

Risk-free Rate	3,01%
Credit spread	1,70%
Country Risk Premium (CRP CoD)	0,00%
Inflation Differential	0,00%
Size Premium	0,00%
<b>Cost of Debt (CoD)</b>	<b>4,71%</b>
Effective Tax Rate (t)	25,0%
<b>Cost of Debt (After-tax)</b>	<b>3,53%</b>

--> 30Y EUR Bundsanleihe Yield, S&P Capital IQ, as of 13/06/2025  
--> 30y corporate BBB spread (consumer staples) - 30y german Bund  
--> An additional CRP for CoD has been disregarded  
--> Inflation Differential has been disregarded  
--> An additional Size Premium has been disregarded  
-->  $R_f + \text{Credit Spread} + \text{CRP Debt} + \text{Inflation Diff.} + \text{Size Premium}$   
--> Belgian Corporate Tax Rate  
--> Cost of Debt \* (1 - t)

### WACC Calculation

Net Debt (EoP)	183,0
Market Cap, as of Jun 13, 2025	7.044,1
<b>Implied EV</b>	<b>7.227,1</b>
Equity / Value (capped at 100%)	97,5%
Debt / Value	2,53%
<b>WACC (Modigliani Miller)</b>	<b>6,23%</b>

--> Net Debt as of QAR 2024 2025  
--> Market Cap, as of Jun 13, 2025  
--> Net Debt + Market Cap, as of Jun 13, 2025  
--> Market Cap, as of Jun 13, 2025 / Implied EV  
--> Net Debt / Implied EV  
--> % Equity \* CoE + % Debt \* CoD (After-tax)

PV Sum of Adjusted UFCFs	8,1%	442.384,9
PV of Terminal Value	91,9%	5.034.097,3
<b>Enterprise Value (EV)</b>	<b>100,0%</b>	<b>5.476.482,2</b>
- Total Debt (incl. Leases)		(281.311,0)
+ Cash & ST Investments		98.314,0
<b>= (Net Debt)</b>		<b>(182.997,0)</b>
- Preferred Shares		0,0
- Non-controlling Interests		0,0
- Long-Term Provisions		(73,0)
<b>Implied Equity Value</b>		<b>5.293.412,2</b>
/ Shares Outstanding		812
<b>Implied Price per Share</b>		<b>6.515,24</b>

WACC	TV g				
	1,50%	1,75%	<b>2,00%</b>	2,25%	2,50%
5,23%	7.989,49	8.559,25	9.217,17	9.985,43	10.894,33
5,73%	6.777,66	7.199,55	7.677,97	8.225,10	8.856,89
<b>6,23%</b>	5.833,29	6.155,24	<b>6.515,24</b>	6.920,45	7.379,95
6,73%	5.079,11	5.330,76	5.609,00	5.918,28	6.264,11
7,23%	4.464,86	4.665,42	4.885,15	5.126,94	5.394,28

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## CCA – Peer Group

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1	Chocoladefabriken Lindt & Sprüngli AG	SWX:LISN	Switzerland	Kilchberg	<a href="http://www.lindt-spruengli.com">www.lindt-spruengli.com</a>
2	Cloetta AB	OM:CLA B	Sweden	Sundbyberg	<a href="http://www.cloetta.com">www.cloetta.com</a>
3	Mondelez International, Inc.	NASDAQGS:MDLZ	USA	Chicago	<a href="http://www.mondelezinternational.com">www.mondelezinternational.com</a>
4	Nestlé S.A.	SWX:NESN	Switzerland	Vevey	<a href="http://www.nestle.com">www.nestle.com</a>
5	ORION Holdings Corp.	KOSE:A001800	South Korea	Seoul	<a href="http://www.oriongroup.co.kr">www.oriongroup.co.kr</a>
6	Raisio plc	HLSE:RAIVV	Finland	Raisio	<a href="http://www.raisio.com">www.raisio.com</a>
7	The Hershey Company	NYSE:HSY	USA	Hershey	<a href="http://www.thehersheycompany.com">www.thehersheycompany.com</a>
8	The J. M. Smucker Company	NYSE:SJM	USA	Orrville	<a href="http://www.jsmucker.com">www.jsmucker.com</a>

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# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## CCA – Output

### Trading Multiples (Historic Financials)

Select: **LTM**

Trading Multiples (Historic)		Country	Market Cap	EV / Revenue	EV / EBITDA	EV / EBIT	P / E
#	Company Name		€ millions	LTM	LTM	LTM	LTM
01.	Chocoladefabriken Lindt & Sprüngli A	Switzerland	32.792	5,7x	26,6x	34,1x	44,7x
02.	Cloetta AB	Sweden	873	1,4x	9,2x	11,9x	15,7x
03.	Mondelez International, Inc.	USA	76.207	2,7x	15,7x	23,4x	24,7x
04.	Nestlé S.A.	Switzerland	230.229	3,1x	14,0x	16,7x	20,8x
05.	ORION Holdings Corp.	South Korea	814	0,9x	3,9x	5,9x	8,5x
06.	Raisio plc	Finland	390	0,7x	8,4x	33,4x	55,1x
07.	The Hershey Company	USA	30.130	3,2x	13,2x	16,2x	19,9x
08.	The J. M. Smucker Company	USA	8.953	2,3x	8,5x	11,6x	NM
		Median	2,5x	11,2x	16,4x	20,8x	
# Lotus	Belgium	7.019,7	6,1x	8,5x	11,6x	48,3x	

### Trading Multiples (Forward Financials)

Select: **NTM**

Trading Multiples (Forward)		Country	Market Cap	EV / Revenue	EV / EBITDA	EV / EBIT	P / E
#	Company Name		€ millions	NTM	NTM	NTM	NTM
01.	Chocoladefabriken Lindt & Sprüngli A	Switzerland	32.792	5,2x	24,2x	32,0x	41,3x
02.	Cloetta AB	Sweden	873	1,3x	8,8x	10,8x	16,1x
03.	Mondelez International, Inc.	USA	76.207	2,7x	15,2x	19,0x	21,3x
04.	Nestlé S.A.	Switzerland	230.229	3,0x	15,2x	18,9x	19,5x
05.	ORION Holdings Corp.	South Korea	814	0,8x	3,4x	4,4x	1,5x
06.	Raisio plc	Finland	390	0,7x	7,5x	15,9x	25,8x
07.	The Hershey Company	USA	30.130	3,2x	17,5x	21,7x	27,8x
08.	The J. M. Smucker Company	USA	8.953	2,2x	9,5x	11,2x	11,2x
		Median	2,5x	12,4x	17,4x	20,4x	
# Lotus	Belgium	7.019,7	5,6x	28,1x	33,6x	43,3x	

### Target Share Price

Select: **NTM**

#### Implied Target Price

EV / Revenue    EV / EBITDA    EV / EBIT    P / E

Relevant Multiple	2,7x	15,2x	18,9x	21,3x
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#### Implied Price per share (EV / EBIT Financials)

€    4.469,7    5.024,8    5.226,2    4.447,1

#### Target Share Price (Mean of Medians)

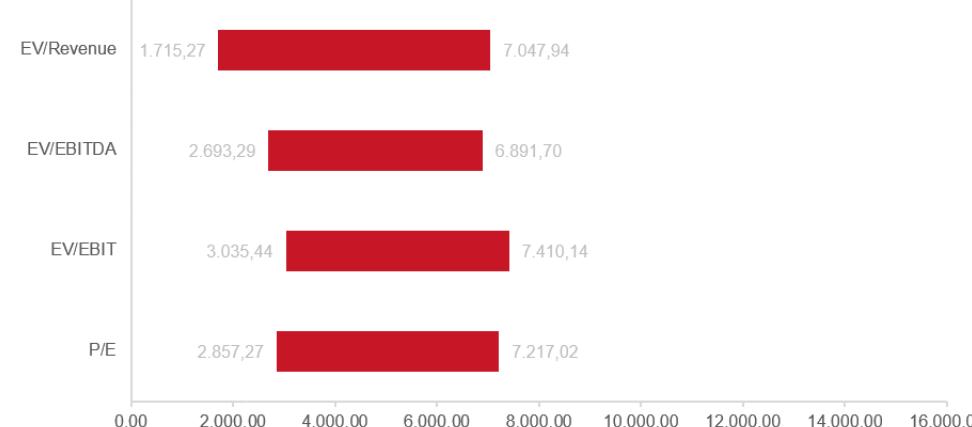
€    **4.791,97**

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## CCA – Output (Continued)

### Interquartile Ranges NTM (Q1 - Q3)

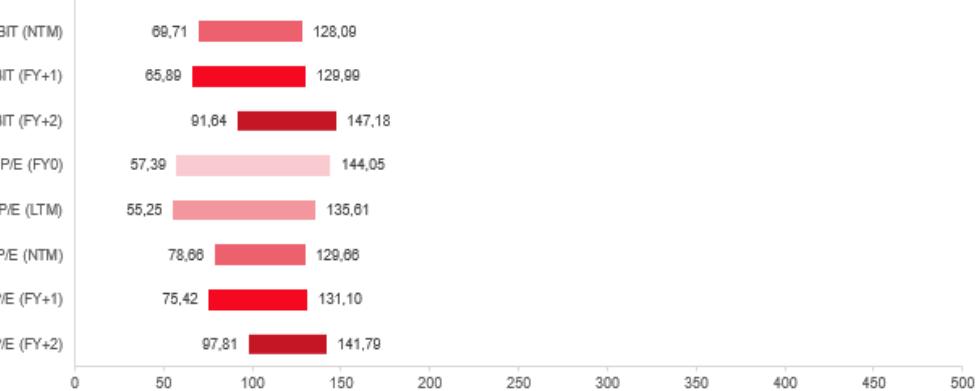
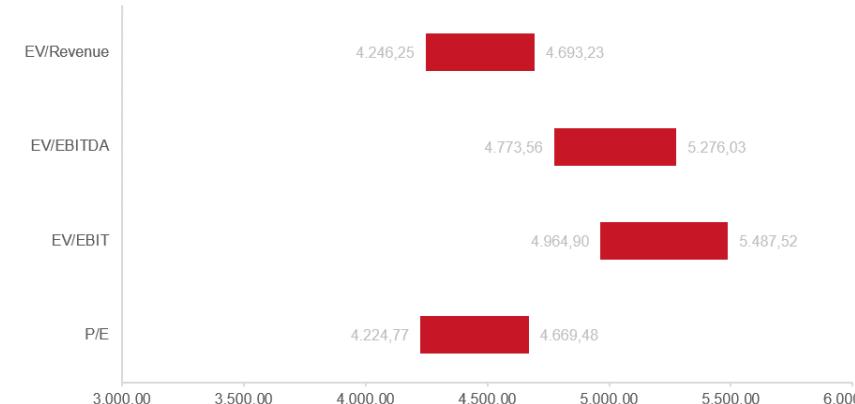


### Interquartile Ranges (Q1 - Q3)



### Discrete Valuation Ranges (% Deviation from Median)

Select: **5,0%**



# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## PPE Schedule

Period	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E
	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2025	31 Dec 2026	31 Dec 2027	31 Dec 2028	31 Dec 2029	31 Dec 2030	31 Dec 2031	31 Dec 2032	31 Dec 2033	31 Dec 2034
<b>PP&amp;E &amp; Depreciation Schedule</b>															
<b>Live Assumptions</b>															
Net Sales	663.289,0	750.251,0	877.451,0	1.062.962,0	1.231.914,0	1.361.827,8	1.540.738,7	1.745.776,1	1.969.572,3	2.197.365,8	2.424.796,9	2.643.853,4	2.847.871,9	3.049.777,9	3.236.893,1
Expansion Capex	3,10%	5,60%	14,03%	6,16%	9,55%	120.954,3	81.481,5	70.720,0	60.684,6	56.052,7	51.504,1	47.122,9	35.922,9	23.755,6	19.077,7
Maintainance Capex (% Net Sales)						2,50%	2,50%	2,25%	2,25%	2,00%	2,00%	2,00%	2,25%	2,50%	2,50%
Capex	20.565,0	42.048,0	123.112,0	65.457,0	117.605,0	155.000,0	120.000,0	110.000,0	105.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0
<b>Existing PP&amp;E</b>															
<b>Useful Life: 17y</b>															
<b>Existing PP&amp;E (BoP)</b>	n.a.	258.182,0	307.725,0	428.244,0	474.311,0	580.404,0	545.228,0	510.052,0	474.876,0	439.700,0	404.524,0	369.348,0	334.172,0	298.996,0	263.820,0
+ Additions (Net of Disposals)	20.565,0	65.878,0	141.938,0	84.216,0	125.406,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- Depreciation (Net of Disposals)	(21.018,0)	(22.073,0)	(24.731,0)	(31.583,0)	(35.328,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)	(35.176,0)
+/- Transfer from one heading to another				(185,0)	(260,0)										
+/- FX Impacts	-	5.738,0	3.311,0	(6.380,0)	16.275,0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<b>Existing PP&amp;E (EoP)</b>	<b>258.182,0</b>	<b>307.725,0</b>	<b>428.244,0</b>	<b>474.311,0</b>	<b>580.404,0</b>	<b>545.228,0</b>	<b>510.052,0</b>	<b>474.876,0</b>	<b>439.700,0</b>	<b>404.524,0</b>	<b>369.348,0</b>	<b>334.172,0</b>	<b>298.996,0</b>	<b>263.820,0</b>	<b>228.644,0</b>
<b>New PP&amp;E</b>															
<b>Useful Life: 17y</b>															
<b>New PP&amp;E (BoP)</b>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	<b>0,0</b>	<b>150.441,2</b>	<b>254.264,7</b>	<b>341.617,6</b>	<b>417.794,1</b>	<b>483.088,2</b>	<b>542.500,0</b>	<b>596.029,4</b>	<b>643.676,5</b>	<b>685.441,2</b>
+ Additions (Capex) to PP&E						155.000,0	120.000,0	110.000,0	105.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0	100.000,0
						<b>Capex</b>	<b>Ann. Depr.</b>	<b>Period</b>							
						155.000,0	(9.117,6)	FY 2025E	(4.558,8)	(9.117,6)	(9.117,6)	(9.117,6)	(9.117,6)	(9.117,6)	(9.117,6)
						120.000,0	(7.058,8)	FY 2026E	-	(7.058,8)	(7.058,8)	(7.058,8)	(7.058,8)	(7.058,8)	(7.058,8)
						110.000,0	(6.470,6)	FY 2027E	-	-	(6.470,6)	(6.470,6)	(6.470,6)	(6.470,6)	(6.470,6)
						105.000,0	(6.176,5)	FY 2028E	-	-	(6.176,5)	(6.176,5)	(6.176,5)	(6.176,5)	(6.176,5)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2029E	-	-	-	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2030E	-	-	-	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2031E	-	-	-	-	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2032E	-	-	-	-	-	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2033E	-	-	-	-	-	(5.882,4)	(5.882,4)
						100.000,0	(5.882,4)	FY 2034E	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5.882,4)
- Depreciation of New PP&E									(4.558,8)	(16.176,5)	(22.647,1)	(28.823,5)	(34.705,9)	(40.588,2)	(46.470,6)
<b>New PP&amp;E (EoP)</b>	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	<b>150.441,2</b>	<b>254.264,7</b>	<b>341.617,6</b>	<b>417.794,1</b>	<b>483.088,2</b>	<b>542.500,0</b>	<b>596.029,4</b>	<b>643.676,5</b>	<b>685.441,2</b>	<b>721.323,5</b>

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## Working Capital

### Working Capital Schedule

Live Assumptions															
Net Sales	663.289,0	750.251,0	877.451,0	1.062.962,0	1.231.914,0	1.361.827,8	1.540.738,7	1.745.776,1	1.969.572,3	2.197.365,8	2.424.796,9	2.643.853,4	2.847.871,9	3.049.777,9	3.236.893,1
Cost of Sales (COGS)	393.180,0	442.848,0	529.587,0	645.927,0	751.844,0	824.086,3	926.077,7	1.049.984,1	1.174.427,1	1.324.532,8	1.470.149,0	1.624.324,0	1.771.307,8	1.925.593,0	2.044.347,2
Days in Period	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0	365,0
Avg. Days Outstanding Calculation (% of Sales)															
Days Sales Outstanding (DSO)	49,0	51,2	49,9	52,2	49,3	50,3	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0	50,0
Days Inventory Outstanding (DIO)	43,5	47,7	48,5	43,5	43,9	45,4	46,0	47,0	48,0	49,0	50,0	51,0	52,0	53,0	54,0
Days Payables Outstanding (DPO)	(81,1)	(103,3)	(119,2)	(115,9)	(105,0)	(104,9)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)	(105,0)
Implied Cash Conversion Cycle (in days)	173,6	202,2	217,7	211,6	198,2	200,6	201,0	202,0	203,0	204,0	205,0	206,0	207,0	208,0	209,0
Other Current Operating Assets & Liabilities															
Other Current Assets (in Days of Sales)	0,6	0,7	1,3	1,0	1,1	0,9	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0	1,0
Other Current Liabilities (in Days COGS)	4,3	1,8	2,0	1,7	1,5	2,3	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0
Working Capital Positions															
<i>€ millions</i>															
+ Accounts receivable	89.042,0	105.164,0	120.074,0	152.044,0	166.511,0	187.785,6	211.060,1	239.147,4	269.804,4	301.009,0	332.164,0	362.171,7	390.119,4	417.777,8	443.410,0
+ Inventory	46.827,0	57.901,0	70.361,0	76.906,0	90.473,0	102.533,3	116.711,2	135.203,4	154.445,2	177.814,0	201.390,3	226.960,3	252.350,7	279.606,7	302.451,4
- Accounts payable	(87.370,0)	(125.315,0)	(172.995,0)	(205.110,0)	(216.256,0)	(236.846,8)	(266.405,9)	(302.050,2)	(337.848,9)	(381.030,0)	(422.919,6)	(467.271,3)	(509.554,3)	(553.937,7)	(588.099,9)
Trade Net Working Capital (NWC)	223.239,0	288.380,0	363.430,0	434.060,0	473.240,0	527.165,7	594.177,2	676.401,1	762.098,5	859.853,0	956.473,8	1.056.403,3	1.152.024,5	1.251.322,2	1.333.961,2
Other Current Operating Assets & Liabilities															
<i>€ millions</i>															
+ Other current operating assets	1.115,0	1.471,0	3.219,0	2.851,0	3.565,0	3.509,8	4.221,2	4.782,9	5.396,1	6.020,2	6.643,3	7.243,4	7.802,4	8.355,6	8.868,2
- Other current operating liabilities	4.624,0	2.144,0	2.917,0	3.056,0	3.046,0	5.091,6	5.074,4	5.753,3	6.435,2	7.257,7	8.055,6	8.900,4	9.705,8	10.551,2	11.201,9
Other Current Operating Assets (Net)	(3.509,0)	(673,0)	302,0	(205,0)	519,0	(1.581,8)	(853,2)	(970,4)	(1.039,1)	(1.237,5)	(1.412,3)	(1.657,0)	(1.903,4)	(2.195,6)	(2.333,7)
Net Working Capital (NWC)	219.730,0	287.707,0	363.732,0	433.855,0	473.759,0	525.583,9	593.324,0	675.430,7	761.059,4	858.615,4	955.061,5	1.054.746,4	1.150.121,0	1.249.126,5	1.331.627,5

# Appendix – Valuation

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## Assumptions

### Assumptions

Live Case	Conservative Base												Optimistic			
	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E	
<b>Assumptions</b>																
FY End	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2023	Dec 31, 2024	31 Dec 2025	31 Dec 2026	31 Dec 2027	31 Dec 2028	31 Dec 2029	31 Dec 2030	31 Dec 2031	31 Dec 2032	31 Dec 2033	31 Dec 2034	
<b>Sales Growth YoY</b>	n.a.	13,1%	17,0%	21,1%	15,9%	10,5%	13,1%	13,3%	12,8%	11,6%	10,4%	9,0%	7,7%	7,1%	6,1%	
Optimistic						12,5%	15,1%	15,3%	14,8%	13,6%	12,4%	11,0%	9,7%	9,1%	8,1%	
Conservative Base						10,5%	13,1%	13,3%	12,8%	11,6%	10,4%	9,0%	7,7%	7,1%	6,1%	
<b>Gross Profit Margin %</b>	40,7%	41,0%	39,6%	39,2%	39,0%	39,5%	39,9%	39,9%	40,4%	39,7%	39,4%	38,6%	37,8%	36,9%	36,8%	
Optimistic						39,9%	39,9%	39,9%	39,9%	39,9%	39,9%	39,9%	39,8%	38,9%	38,8%	
Conservative Base						39,5%	39,9%	39,9%	40,4%	39,7%	39,4%	38,6%	37,8%	36,9%	36,8%	
<b>EBITDA-Margin</b>	20,3%	20,0%	19,3%	19,5%	19,7%	20,7%	21,4%	21,7%	22,5%	22,2%	22,2%	21,7%	21,3%	20,6%	20,8%	
Optimistic						20,7%	21,4%	21,7%	22,5%	22,2%	22,2%	21,7%	21,3%	20,6%	20,8%	
Conservative Base						20,7%	21,4%	21,7%	22,5%	22,2%	22,2%	21,7%	21,3%	20,6%	20,8%	
<b>Employee benefit expenses YOY</b>	n.a.	11,5%	13,6%	18,3%	14,3%	9,1%	11,3%	11,4%	11,0%	9,3%	8,3%	6,8%	5,8%	5,3%	4,6%	
Optimistic						9,1%	11,3%	11,4%	11,0%	9,3%	8,3%	6,8%	5,8%	5,3%	4,6%	
Conservative Base						9,1%	11,3%	11,4%	11,0%	9,3%	8,3%	6,8%	5,8%	5,3%	4,6%	
<b>Other Opex % of Sales</b>	0,3%	(0,6%)	(0,5%)	(0,4%)	(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	
Optimistic						(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	
Conservative Base						(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,2%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	(0,1%)	
<b>Interest Rate (Expense)</b>	-	-	-	-	-	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	
Optimistic						1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	
Conservative Base						1,28%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	1,3%	
<b>% gain on CCE</b>	-	-	-	-	-	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	
Optimistic						2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	
Conservative Base						2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	2,0%	
<b>Investments into Companies (% of Retained Earnings)</b>	5,9%	1,0%	3,0%	1,5%	4,6%	3,2%	2,7%	3,0%	3,0%	2,5%	2,0%	1,5%	1,0%	1,0%	1,0%	
Optimistic						3,2%	2,7%	3,0%	3,0%	2,5%	2,0%	1,5%	1,0%	1,0%	1,0%	
Conservative Base						3,2%	2,7%	3,0%	3,0%	2,5%	2,0%	1,5%	1,0%	1,0%	1,0%	
<b>Dividend Yield</b>	0,8%	0,5%	0,6%	0,5%	0,4%	0,6%	0,7%	0,9%	1,1%	1,2%	1,4%	1,6%	1,8%	2,0%	2,2%	
Optimistic						0,6%	0,7%	0,9%	1,1%	1,2%	1,4%	1,6%	1,8%	2,0%	2,2%	
Conservative Base						0,6%	0,7%	0,9%	1,1%	1,2%	1,4%	1,6%	1,8%	2,0%	2,2%	

# Appendix – Valuation

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## Revenue and EBITDA Forecast

Period	FY 2020A	FY 2021A	FY 2022A	FY 2023A	FY 2024A	FY 2025E	FY 2026E	FY 2027E	FY 2028E	FY 2029E	FY 2030E	FY 2031E	FY 2032E	FY 2033E	FY 2034E		
	31 Dec 2020	31 Dec 2021	31 Dec 2022	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2025	31 Dec 2026	31 Dec 2027	31 Dec 2028	31 Dec 2029	31 Dec 2030	31 Dec 2031	31 Dec 2032	31 Dec 2033	31 Dec 2034		
<b>Total Sales</b>	663.289,0	750.251,0	877.451,0	1.062.962,0	1.231.914,0	<b>1.361.827,8</b>	<b>1.540.738,7</b>	<b>1.745.776,1</b>	<b>1.969.572,3</b>	<b>2.197.365,8</b>	<b>2.424.796,9</b>	<b>2.643.853,4</b>	<b>2.847.871,9</b>	<b>3.049.777,9</b>	<b>3.236.893,1</b>		
<b>Total Sales Growth YoY</b>	n.a.	13,1%	17,0%	21,1%	15,9%	10,5%	13,1%	13,3%	12,8%	11,6%	10,4%	9,0%	7,7%	7,1%	6,1%		
<b>EBITDA Margin</b>	20,3%	20,0%	19,3%	19,5%	19,7%	<b>20,69%</b>	<b>21,41%</b>	<b>21,67%</b>	<b>22,48%</b>	<b>22,20%</b>	<b>22,18%</b>	<b>21,72%</b>	<b>21,27%</b>	<b>20,60%</b>	<b>20,82%</b>		
<b>CORE Segment - Biscoff</b>																	
<b>Segment Sales</b>	663.289,0	750.251,0	415.000,0	573.999,5	689.871,8	<b>779.925,3</b>	<b>913.945,1</b>	<b>1.063.711,3</b>	<b>1.223.694,4</b>	<b>1.373.302,3</b>	<b>1.518.490,4</b>	<b>1.651.623,1</b>	<b>1.766.999,6</b>	<b>1.882.252,1</b>	<b>2.002.602,3</b>		
% of Sales	100,0%	100,0%	47,3%	54,0%	56,0%	57,3%	59,3%	60,9%	62,1%	62,5%	62,6%	62,5%	62,0%	61,7%	61,9%		
Segment yoy	n.a.	13,1%	(44,7%)	38,3%	20,2%	<b>13,05%</b>	<b>17,18%</b>	<b>16,39%</b>	<b>15,04%</b>	<b>12,23%</b>	<b>10,57%</b>	<b>8,77%</b>	<b>6,99%</b>	<b>6,52%</b>	<b>6,39%</b>		
<b>Europe</b>																	
Volume yoy	10%	8%	18%	20%	20%	<b>15,5%</b>	<b>14,5%</b>	<b>13,5%</b>	<b>12,0%</b>	<b>9,0%</b>	<b>7,5%</b>	<b>5,5%</b>	<b>4,0%</b>	<b>3,5%</b>	<b>3,3%</b>		
Assumed Units sold						292.015	337.277	386.183	438.317	490.915	535.098	575.230	606.868	631.142	653.232	675.012	
Price increase	3%	9%	10%	1,50%	1,76	<b>2,50%</b>	<b>2,50%</b>	<b>3,00%</b>	<b>3,00%</b>	<b>3,00%</b>	<b>2,50%</b>	<b>2,50%</b>	<b>2,00%</b>	<b>2,00%</b>	<b>2,00%</b>	<b>2,00%</b>	
Average unit price of Biscoff						1,80	1,85	1,90	1,96	2,02	2,07	2,12	2,17	2,21	2,25		
European Cookies & Crackers Market	<b>28.440.000</b>	<b>30.970.000</b>	<b>32.770.000</b>	<b>34.360.000</b>	<b>36.090.000</b>	<b>37.830.000</b>	<b>39.630.000</b>	<b>41.400.000</b>	<b>43.270.000</b>	<b>45.910.000</b>	<b>48.160.000</b>	<b>50.520.270</b>	<b>52.996.215</b>	<b>55.593.502</b>	<b>58.318.080</b>		
European Market yoy	n.a.	8,9%	5,8%	4,9%	5,0%	4,8%	4,8%	4,5%	4,5%	4,5%	6,1%	4,9%	4,9%	4,9%	4,9%		
Market Outperformance						1,31%	1,42%	1,61%	1,80%	2,02%	2,23%	2,47%	2,55%	2,58%	2,60%		
Market Share						75,3%	74,5%	78,0%	78,1%	78,5%	78,7%	78,5%	78,0%	77,3%	76,6%		
% of BISCOFF Sales																75,9%	
Total Revenue						432.173	513.946	608.448	714.090	834.807	963.033	1.081.198	1.191.345	1.288.290	1.366.618	1.442.739	1.520.660
<b>Americas</b>																	
Volume yoy						44.877	51.608	58.833	65.893	72.483	78.281	83.761	87.949	91.467	94.211	96.566	
Assumed Units sold						1,00%	1,00%	1,00%	1,00%	2,00%	2,00%	3,00%	3,50%	3,50%	3,50%	3,50%	
Price increase yoy						2,7	2,73	2,75	2,78	2,84	2,89	2,98	3,09	3,19	3,31	3,42	
Average unit price of Biscoff																	
Americas Cookies & Crackers Market	<b>34.450.000</b>	<b>35.000.000</b>	<b>33.510.000</b>	<b>34.430.000</b>	<b>36.500.000</b>	<b>38.490.000</b>	<b>40.560.000</b>	<b>42.790.000</b>	<b>44.730.000</b>	<b>46.570.000</b>	<b>48.470.000</b>	<b>49.890.000</b>	<b>51.925.452</b>	<b>54.043.948</b>	<b>56.248.876</b>		
American Market yoy	n.a.	1,6%	(4,3%)	2,7%	6,0%	5,5%	5,4%	5,5%	4,5%	4,5%	4,1%	4,1%	4,1%	4,1%	4,1%		
Market Outperformance						0,29%	0,33%	0,37%	0,40%	0,43%	0,46%	0,49%	0,52%	0,54%	0,56%		
Market Share						17,5%	17,6%	18,0%	18,7%	17,7%	16,8%	16,5%	16,4%	16,5%	16,5%		
% of BISCOFF Sales																	
Total Revenue						100.681	121.167	140.736	162.043	183.303	205.666	226.562	249.694	271.355	292.086	311.379	330.334
<b>Rest of World</b>																	
Volume yoy						10.417	12.916	15.887	19.065	22.878	26.996	31.585	36.954	42.867	49.726	57.682	
Assumed Units sold						0,00%	0,00%	0,50%	0,50%	0,50%	1,00%	1,00%	1,50%	1,50%	2,00%		
Price increase						2,38	2,38	2,38	2,39	2,40	2,43	2,45	2,49	2,53	2,58	2,63	
Average unit price of Biscoff																	
European Cookies & Crackers Market	<b>36.010.000</b>	<b>39.690.000</b>	<b>44.010.000</b>	<b>48.140.000</b>	<b>53.590.000</b>	<b>59.090.000</b>	<b>64.570.000</b>	<b>69.510.000</b>	<b>74.760.000</b>	<b>80.640.000</b>	<b>87.460.000</b>	<b>94.890.000</b>	<b>54.109.368</b>	<b>58.685.581</b>	<b>63.648.821</b>		
European Market yoy	n.a.	10,2%	10,9%	9,4%	11,3%	10,3%	9,3%	7,7%	7,6%	7,9%	8,5%	8,5%	8,5%	8,5%	8,5%		
Market Outperformance						12,2%	13,2%	12,5%	10,5%	6,0%	5,0%	3,0%	1,0%	0,5%	0,5%		
Market Share						0,05%	0,06%	0,07%	0,07%	0,08%	0,09%	0,18%	0,20%	0,22%	0,24%		
% of BISCOFF Sales						0,0%	0,0%	3,9%	4,1%	4,3%	4,5%	5,1%	5,6%	6,1%	6,8%	7,6%	
Total Revenue						19.240	24.791	30.741	37.812	45.601	54.995	65.543	77.452	91.978	108.295	128.134	151.609
<b>Assumed Margin Bridge</b>																	
Cost of Materials, Packaging and Co-Manufacturing (weighted)	32,6%	33,4%	16,8%	34,7%	34,1%	30,0%	30,0%	30,5%	30,5%	31,0%	31,5%	32,0%	32,5%	33,0%	33,0%		
Services and other goods	26,7%	25,6%	24,9%	26,1%	26,9%	25,0%	25,0%	25,5%	25,5%	26,0%	26,0%	26,5%	26,5%	27,0%	27,0%		
<b>Gross Profit Margin</b>	40,7%	41,0%	58,3%	39,2%	39,0%	45,0%	45,0%	44,0%	44,0%	43,0%	42,5%	41,5%	41,0%	40,0%	40,0%		
Share of Employee benefit expense						18,8%	18,5%	18,2%	17,9%	17,5%	17,2%	16,8%	16,5%	16,3%	16,0%		
<b>EBITDA Margin</b>						<b>26,2%</b>	<b>26,5%</b>	<b>25,8%</b>	<b>26,1%</b>	<b>25,5%</b>	<b>25,3%</b>	<b>24,7%</b>	<b>24,5%</b>	<b>23,7%</b>	<b>24,0%</b>		

# Appendix – Valuation

W U T I S

## Revenue and EBITDA Forecast (Continued)

### Natural Foods

	-	-	175.000,0	255.110,9	295.659,4	322.268,7	354.495,6	397.035,0	446.664,4	506.964,1	572.869,5	641.613,8	712.191,3	779.849,5	826.640,4
% of Sales	n.a.	n.a.	19,9%	24,0%	24,0%	23,7%	23,0%	22,7%	22,7%	23,1%	23,6%	24,3%	25,0%	25,6%	25,5%
Segment yoy	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	45,8%	15,9%	9,0%	10,0%	12,0%	12,5%	13,5%	13,0%	12,0%	11,0%	9,5%	6,0%
Total Organic Foods Market Worldwide	120.650.000	132.740.000	134.760.000	136.430.000	142.242.706	150.777.269	159.823.905	169.413.339	179.578.139	190.352.828	201.773.997	213.880.437	226.713.263	240.316.059	254.735.023
Market growth	n.a.	10,0%	1,5%	1,2%	4,26%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%	6,0%
Market Outperformance						3,0%	4,0%	6,0%	6,5%	7,5%	7,0%	6,0%	5,0%	3,5%	0,0%
Market Share (global)						0,2%	0,2%	0,2%	0,2%	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	0,3%	0,325%
Total Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	322.269	354.496	397.035	446.664	506.964	572.869	641.614	712.191	779.849	826.640
Gross Profit Margin						29,0%	30,0%	32,0%	34,0%	34,0%	34,0%	33,5%	32,0%	31,0%	31,0%
% Share of Employee benefit expense						18,8%	18,5%	18,2%	17,9%	17,5%	17,2%	16,8%	16,5%	16,3%	16,0%
EBITDA Margin						10,2%	11,5%	13,8%	16,1%	16,5%	16,8%	16,7%	15,5%	14,7%	15,0%

### Local heroes

	-	-	287.451,0	233.851,6	246.382,8	259.633,7	272.298,1	285.029,8	299.213,5	317.099,3	333.437,0	350.616,5	368.681,1	387.676,4	407.650,3
% of Sales	n.a.	n.a.	32,8%	22,0%	20,0%	19,1%	17,7%	16,3%	15,2%	14,4%	13,8%	13,3%	12,9%	12,7%	12,6%
Segment yoy				(18,6%)	5,4%	5,4%	4,9%	4,7%	5,0%	6,0%	5,2%	5,2%	5,2%	5,2%	5,2%
Confectionery Market Europe	198.010.000	212.180.000	227.200.000	242.030.000	256.220.000	270.000.000	283.170.000	296.410.000	311.160.000	329.760.000	346.750.000	364.615.364	383.401.193	403.154.912	423.926.388
Market growth	n.a.	7,2%	7,1%	6,5%	5,86%	5,38%	4,88%	4,68%	4,98%	5,98%	5,15%	5,15%	5,15%	5,15%	5,15%
Market outperformance															
Total Revenue	-	-	-	-	-	259.634	272.298	285.030	299.213	317.099	333.437	350.616	368.681	387.676	407.650
Segment EBITDA Margin	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%	17,2%

### Net Sales by Geography

% Belgium	24,3%	22,7%	20,8%	15,0%	13,8%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% UK	22,2%	23,5%	22,5%	22,6%	21,6%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% Netherlands	13,0%	10,7%	9,1%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% US	-	-	-	14,7%	14,7%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% France	13,1%	12,3%	10,8%	14,2%	14,0%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
% Other	27,4%	30,8%	36,8%	33,5%	35,9%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Asia	-	-	-	-	-	4%	4%	4%	4%	5%	5%	6%	6%	7%	8%
Americas						18%	18%	17%	17%	16%	16%	16%	17%	17%	16%
Europe						78%	78%	78%	79%	79%	78%	78%	77%	77%	76%
<b>Employee benefit expenses</b>	137.116,0	152.857,0	173.618,0	205.310,0	234.633,0	255.912,5	284.826,3	317.423,7	352.418,4	385.025,9	416.906,6	445.154,1	470.917,6	495.957,6	518.779,2
yoY	n.a.	11,5%	13,6%	18,3%	14,3%	9,1%	11,3%	11,4%	11,0%	9,3%	8,3%	6,8%	5,8%	5,3%	4,6%
Avg. # employees per year	2.155	2.398	2.698	2.857	3.239	3.415	3.647	3.897	4.155	4.347	4.491	4.613	4.720	4.820	4.909
# employees growth	n.a.	11,3%	12,5%	5,9%	13,4%	5,4%	6,8%	6,9%	6,6%	4,6%	3,3%	2,7%	2,3%	2,1%	1,8%
% of Sales	20,7%	20,4%	19,8%	19,3%	19,0%	18,6%	18,1%	17,6%	17,2%	16,7%	16,3%	15,9%	15,5%	15,1%	14,8%